

# Norovirus Genotype Profiles Associated with Foodborne Transmission, 1999–2012

## Technical Appendix

Technical Appendix Table. Proportion of foodborne outbreaks per genotype as estimated based on norovirus surveillance data in Noronet, ESR-EpiSurv, CaliciNet and an updated systematic review of scientific literature

Profile	FBVE/Noronet 1999-2012				ESR-EpiSurv 2008-2012				CaliciNet 2009-2012		Systematic literature review			
	P-type (n=4580)		C-type (n=2196)		P-type (n=685)		C-type (n=813)		C-type (n=3094)		P-type (n=107)		C-type (n=127)	
Group Type	N	Proportion FB (95%CI)	N	Proportion FB (95%CI)	N	Proportion FB (95%CI)	N	Proportion FB (95%CI)	N	Proportion FB (95%CI)	N	Proportion FB (95%CI)	N	Proportion FB (95%CI)
GI	315	0.36 (0.29-0.42)	169	0.53 (0.43-0.62)	56	0.28 (0.17-0.40)	66	0.28 (0.18-0.39)	322	0.30 (0.24-0.36)	15	0.71 (0.46-0.91)	14	0.91 (0.69-1.00)
I.1	12	0.17 (0.01-0.52)	10	0.57 (0.23-0.88)	0		0		4	0.25 (0.01-0.71)	0		0	
I.2	20	0.57 (0.32-0.81)	12	0.75 (0.43-0.96)	4	0.20 (0.01-0.61)	6	0.29 (0.05-0.65)	10	0.44 (0.15-0.75)	0		1	0.66 (0.15-0.99)
I.3	99	0.27 (0.18-0.38)	50	0.41 (0.26-0.58)	13	0.29 (0.09-0.54)	15	0.31 (0.12-0.55)	77	0.29 (0.18-0.41)	8	0.63 (0.29-0.90)	2	0.67 (0.15-0.99)
I.4	85	0.37 (0.25-0.50)	52	0.50 (0.35-0.66)	20	0.38 (0.19-0.59)	21	0.36 (0.18-0.57)	38	0.26 (0.11-0.45)	3	0.75 (0.28-0.99)	2	0.67 (0.16-0.99)
I.5	4	0.50 (0.10-0.90)	5	0.80 (0.39-0.99)	1	0.33 (0.01-0.84)	1	0.33 (0.01-0.85)	17	0.22 (0.07-0.43)	1	0.66 (0.15-0.99)	0	
I.6	0		32	0.56 (0.37-0.73)	14	0.27 (0.08-0.51)	21	0.23 (0.08-0.42)	150	0.29 (0.21-0.38)	1	0.33(0.01-0.84)	0	
I.7	12	0.50 (0.18-0.81)	7	0.57 (0.22-0.88)	0		0		24	0.60 (0.35-0.82)	0		0	
I.8	2	0.33 (0.01-0.84)	0		2	0.50 (0.09-0.91)	2	0.50 (0.09-0.91)	1	0.67 (0.16-0.99)	0		2	0.67 (0.17-0.99)
I.9	0		0		0		0		1	0.33 (0.01-0.84)	0		0	
I.14	0		0		0		0		0		0		3	0.67 (0.15-0.99)
I.a	2	0.75 (0.30-0.99)	n.a.		0		n.a.		n.a.		0		n.a.	
I.b	72	0.38 (0.26-0.50)	n.a.		2	0.25 (0.01-0.70)	n.a.		n.a.		0		n.a.	
I.d	4	0.60 (0.19-0.93)	n.a.		0		n.a.		n.a.		0		n.a.	
I.e	2	0.50 (0.09-0.90)	n.a.		0		n.a.		n.a.		0		n.a.	
I.f	1	0.67 (0.05-1.00)	n.a.		0		n.a.		n.a.		0		n.a.	
<b>GII non4</b>	<b>656</b>	<b>0.28 (0.24-0.32)</b>	<b>467</b>	<b>0.44 (0.39-0.49)</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>0.31 (0.21-0.43)</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>0.28 (0.22-0.35)</b>	<b>602</b>	<b>0.25 (0.21-0.29)</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>0.56 (0.33-0.77)</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>0.82 (0.64-0.94)</b>
II.1	17	0.57 (0.32-0.80)	50	0.52 (0.38-0.67)	0		3	0.40 (0.07-0.80)	208	0.18 (0.13-0.24)	2	0.26 (0.01-0.71)	3	0.33 (0.01-0.84)
II.2	72	0.25 (0.14-0.38)	39	0.56 (0.39-0.72)	7	0.33 (0.09-0.65)	22	0.37 (0.16-0.53)	47	0.18 (0.07-0.32)	7	0.50 (0.15-0.85)	5	0.80 (0.39-0.99)

Profile	FBVE/Noronet 1999-2012				ESR-EpiSurv 2008-2012				CaliciNet 2009-2012		Systematic literature review			
	P-type (n=4580)		C- type (n=2196)		P-type (n=685)		C-type (n=813)		C-type (n=3094)		P-type (n=107)		C-type (n=127)	
	Group Type	N	Proportion FB (95%CI)	N	Proportion FB (95%CI)	N								
II.3	5	0.33 (0.05-0.72)	142	0.21 (0.13-0.30)	0		48	0.22 (0.11-0.35)	22	0.31 (0.13-0.54)	10	0.62 (0.29-0.90)	11	0.80 (0.39-0.99)
II.5	5	0.20 (0.01-0.60)	3	0.80 (0.40-0.99)	1	0.67 (0.16-0.99)	2	0.50 (0.09-0.91)	4	0.80 (0.40-0.99)	2	0.50 (0.10-0.91)	3	n.a.
II.6*	2	0.25 (0.01-0.71)	93	0.53 (0.41-0.65)	1	0.66 (0.15-0.99)	59	0.20 (0.10-0.31)	128	0.28 (0.20-0.37)	0		7	0.67 (0.29-0.95)
II.7	195	0.27 (0.19-0.35)	71	0.64 (0.48-0.78)	3	0.50 (0.09-0.91)	27	0.41 (0.23-0.60)	66	0.29 (0.17-0.42)	1	0.33 (0.01-0.95)	7	0.86 (0.55-1.00)
II.8	9	0.50 (0.21-0.78)	4	0.80 (0.40-0.99)	0		0		0		0		2	0.67 (0.15-0.99)
II.10	0		1	0.33 (0.01-0.84)	0		0		0		0		1	0.67 (0.16-0.99)
II.12	14	0.46 (0.18-0.74)	30	0.46 (0.26-0.66)	16	0.31 (0.12-0.56)	17	0.53 (0.30-0.75)	98	0.42 (0.30-0.55)	1	0.67 (0.17-0.99)	0	
II.13	0		14	0.54 (0.28-0.79)	0		7	0.22 (0.03-0.54)	19	0.07 (0.00-0.25)	0		0	
II.14	0		9	0.38 (0.10-0.71)	0		1	0.67 (0.16-0.99)	3	0.50 (0.10-0.91)	0		1	n.a.
II.15	5	0.25 (0.01-0.71)	0		0		0		0		0		1	0.67 (0.16-0.99)
II.16	3	0.75 (0.29-0.99)	2	0.33 (0.01-0.84)	8	0.30 (0.07-0.60)	0		3	0.50 (0.10-0.90)	0		0	
II.17	8	0.50 (0.21-0.79)	2	0.25 (0.01-0.71)	0		0		3	n.a.	0		0	
II.20	4	0.33 (0.29-0.84)	6	0.38 (0.10-0.71)	4	0.34 (0.05-0.71)	4	0.34 (0.05-0.71)	0		0		0	
II.21	0		0		0		0		1	0.16 (0.05-0.32)	0		0	
II.22	2	0.75 (0.29-0.99)	0		1	0.33 (0.01-0.84)	0		0		0		0	
II.b	213	0.24 (0.18-0.30)	n.a.		14	0.13 (0.02-0.34)	0	n.a.	0		0		n.a.	
II.c	0		n.a.		14	0.57 (0.32-0.81)	0	n.a.	0		0		n.a.	
II.g	100	0.30 (0.21-0.40)	n.a.		3	0.40 (0.07-0.81)	0	n.a.	0		0		n.a.	
II.m	1	0.67 (0.15-0.99)	n.a.		0		0	n.a.	0		0		n.a.	
nonGII.4	971	0.30 (0.27-0.34)	636	0.46 (0.41-0.51)	127	0.29 (0.22-0.38)	256	0.29 (0.22-0.38)	924	0.26 (0.23-0.30)	38	0.63 (0.46-0.80)	60	0.87 (0.74-0.96)
GII.4***	3595	0.08 (0.07-0.09)	1528	0.19 (0.16-0.21)	547	0.09 (0.07-0.12)	546	0.09 (0.07-0.12)	2139	0.12 (0.10-0.14)	59	0.31 (0.18-0.45)	45	0.75 (0.52-0.92)
Mixed outbreak	14	0.71 (0.46-0.91)	31	0.81 (0.64-0.93)	11	0.46 (0.21-0.72)	11	0.46 (0.22-0.72)	31	0.16 (0.05-0.33)	10	0.63 (0.29-0.90)	22	0.88 (0.68-0.98)

\* Region B does not well distinguish between the polymerase of GII.6/7/8.

\*\* Estimates in green fonts do not statistically differ, i.e. 95% confidence intervals overlap, with FBVE/Noronet polymerase proportions as a reference; estimates given in red fonts do statistically differ.

\*\*\*II.e is seen with the new variant II.4-Sydney capsid and thereby it is unclear whether this polymerase-based genotype should be considered a II.4 or II-non-4 genotype. This II.e polymerase genotype was included in the II.4 group in the polymerase profile, since it statistically showed most correspondence to the II-4 group.

## Systematic Literature Review Update

1. Historical perspective: norovirus gastroenteritis outbreaks in military forces. *Medical Surveillance Monthly Report*. 2011;18:7–8. [PubMed](#)  
[http://www.afhsc.mil/documents/pubs/msmrs/2011/v18\\_n11.pdf#Page=7](http://www.afhsc.mil/documents/pubs/msmrs/2011/v18_n11.pdf#Page=7)
2. Outbreak surveillance. *New Zealand Public Health Surveillance Report*. 2011;9:5.  
[https://surv.esr.cri.nz/PDF\\_surveillance/NZPHSR/2011/NZPHSR2011June.pdf](https://surv.esr.cri.nz/PDF_surveillance/NZPHSR/2011/NZPHSR2011June.pdf)
3. Outbreak case reports: Norovirus outbreak linked to consumption of imported raw oysters. *New Zealand Public Health Surveillance Report*. 2011;9:7–8.
4. Ahmed SF, Klena JD, Mostafa M, Dogantemur J, Middleton T, Hanson J, et al. Viral gastroenteritis associated with genogroup II norovirus among U.S. military personnel in Turkey, 2009. *PLoS ONE*. 2012;7:e35791. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0035791>
5. Alfano-Sobsey E, Sweat D, Hall A, Breedlove F, Rodriguez R, Greene S, et al. Norovirus outbreak associated with undercooked oysters and secondary household transmission. *Epidemiol Infect*. 2012;140:276–82. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1017/S0950268811000665>
6. Arvelo W, Sosa SM, Juliao P, Lopez MR, Estevez A, Lopez B, et al. Norovirus outbreak of probable waterborne transmission with high attack rate in a Guatemalan resort. *J Clin Virol*. 2012;55:8–11. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jcv.2012.02.018>
7. Baker K, Morris J, McCarthy N, Saldana L, Lowther J, Collinson A, et al. An outbreak of norovirus infection linked to oyster consumption at a UK restaurant, February 2010. *J Public Health (Oxf)*. 2011;33:205–11. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/pubmed/fdq089>
8. Breitenmoser A, Fretz R, Schmid J, Besl A, Etter R. Outbreak of acute gastroenteritis due to a washwater-contaminated water supply, Switzerland, 2008. *J Water Health*. 2011;9:569–76. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.2166/wh.2011.158>
9. Brucker R, Bui T, Kwan-Gett T, Stewart L, Hall AJ, Kinzer MH. Norovirus infections associated with frozen raw oysters - Washington, 2011. *MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep* 2012;61:110. [PubMed](#)  
<http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/PDF/wk/mm6106.pdf>
10. Carpentier M, Ollivro J, Baron R, Le Galudec M, Fauchier C, Minoui-Tran A, et al. Investigation and control of a nosocomial norovirus outbreak in a long-term care facility. *Infect Control Hosp Epidemiol*. 2011;32:1052–5. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1086/662017>

11. Chapman AS, Witkop CT, Escobar JD, Schlorman CA, DeMarcus LS, Marmer LM, et al. Norovirus outbreak associated with person-to-person transmission, U.S. Air Force Academy, July 2011. *Medical Surveillance Monthly Report*. 2011;18:2–5. [PubMed](#)  
[http://www.afhsc.mil/documents/pubs/msmrs/2011/v18\\_n11.pdf#Page=2](http://www.afhsc.mil/documents/pubs/msmrs/2011/v18_n11.pdf#Page=2)
12. Chitambar S, Gopalkrishna V, Chhabra P, Patil P, Verma H, Lahon A, et al. Diversity in the enteric viruses detected in outbreaks of gastroenteritis from Mumbai, Western India. *Int J Environ Res Public Health*. 2012;9:895–915. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.3390/ijerph9030895>
13. Collier DA, Bayles MK, Barret JP. Acute gastroenteritis outbreak at the Armed Forces Retirement Home, Washington, DC, January 2011. *Medical Surveillance Monthly Report*. 2011;18:11–4. [PubMed](#) [http://www.afhsc.mil/documents/pubs/msmrs/2011/v18\\_n06.pdf#Page=11](http://www.afhsc.mil/documents/pubs/msmrs/2011/v18_n06.pdf#Page=11)
14. Cooper T, Atta M, Mackay A, Roberts H, Clement A. A major outbreak of Norovirus in an acute NHS hospital in 2010: a practical management approach. *Journal of Infection Prevention*. 2011;12:111–8. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1177/1757177411402528>
15. de Laval F, Nivoix P, Pommier de Santi V, Caballe D, Garnotel E, Maslin J. Severe norovirus outbreak among soldiers in the field: foodborne followed by person-to-person transmission. *Clin Infect Dis*. 2011;53:399–400. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/cid/cir380>
16. Di Bartolo I, Monini M, Losio MN, Pavoni E, Lavazza A, Ruggeri FM. Molecular characterization of noroviruses and rotaviruses involved in a large outbreak of gastroenteritis in Northern Italy. *Appl Environ Microbiol*. 2011;77:5545–8. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1128/AEM.00278-11>
17. Doménech-Sánchez A, Juan C, Perez JL, Berrocal CI. Unmanageable norovirus outbreak in a single resort located in the Dominican Republic. *Clin Microbiol Infect*. 2011;17:952–4. [PubMed](#)  
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1469-0691.2010.03411.x>
18. Donia D, Kota M, Leno L, Ylli A, Cenko F, Divizia M. First outbreak of norovirus in Albania. *Lett Appl Microbiol*. 2011;53:283–7. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1472-765X.2011.03104.x>
19. Gonzaga VE, Ramos M, Maves RC, Freeman R, Montgomery JM. Concurrent outbreak of norovirus genotype I and enterotoxigenic *Escherichia coli* on a U.S. Navy ship following a visit to Lima, Peru. [Electronic Resource]. *PLoS ONE*. 2011;6:e20822. [PubMed](#)  
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0020822>
20. Guzman-Herrador B, Heier B, Osborg E, Nguyen V, Vold L. Outbreak of norovirus infection in a hotel in Oslo, Norway, January 2011. *Euro Surveill*. 2011;16:5–9. [PubMed](#)  
<http://www.eurosurveillance.org/images/dynamic/EE/V16N30/V16N30.pdf>

21. Hoefnagel J, van de Weerd DH, Schaefer O, Koene R. A norovirus outbreak triggered by copper intoxication on a coach trip from the Netherlands to Germany, April 2010. *Euro Surveill.* 2012;17:20120301. [PubMed](#)
22. Kasper MR, Lescano AG, Lucas C, Gilles D, Biese BJ, Stolovitz G, et al. Diarrhea outbreak during U.S. military training in El Salvador. [Electronic Resource]. *PLoS ONE.* 2012;7:e40404. [PubMed](#)  
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0040404>
23. Kirk MD, Lalor K, Raupach J, Combs B, Stafford R, Hall GV, et al. Food-and waterborne disease outbreaks in Australian long-term care facilities, 2001-2008. *Foodborne Pathog Dis.* 2011;8:133–9. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1089/fpd.2010.0648>
24. OzFoodNet Working Group. OzFoodNet quarterly report, 1 October to 31 December 2010. *Commun Dis Intell Q Rep.* 2011;35:29–37. [PubMed](#)
25. Laine J, Huovinen E, Virtanen MJ, Snellman M, Lumio J, Ruutu P, et al. An extensive gastroenteritis outbreak after drinking-water contamination by sewage effluent, Finland. *Epidemiol Infect.* 2011;139:1105–13. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1017/S0950268810002141>
26. Lee LE, Cebelinski EA, Fuller C, Keene WE, Smith K, Vinje J, et al. Sapovirus outbreaks in long-term care facilities, Oregon and Minnesota, USA, 2002-2009. *Emerg Infect Dis.* 2012;18:873–6. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.3201/eid1805.111843>
27. Mayet A, Andreo V, Bedubourg G, Victorion S, Plantec J, Soullie B, et al. Food-borne outbreak of norovirus infection in a French military parachuting unit, April 2011. *Euro Surveill.* 2011;16:2–4. [PubMed](#) <http://www.eurosurveillance.org/ViewArticle.aspx?ArticleId=19930>
28. Nenonen NP, Hannoun C, Larsson CU, Bergstrom T. Marked genomic diversity of norovirus genogroup I strains in a waterborne outbreak. *Appl Environ Microbiol.* 2012;78:1846–52. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1128/AEM.07350-11>
29. Nguyen LM, Middaugh JP. Suspected transmission of norovirus in eight long-term care facilities attributed to staff working at multiple institutions. *Epidemiol Infect.* 2012;140:1702–9. [PubMed](#)  
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1017/S0950268811002573>
30. Nicolay N, McDermott R, Kelly M, Gorby M, Prendergast T, Tuite G, et al. Potential role of asymptomatic kitchen food handlers during a food-borne outbreak of norovirus infection, Dublin, Ireland, March 2009. *Euro Surveill.* 2011;16:10–15. [PubMed](#)
31. Partridge DG, Evans CM, Raza M, Kudesia G, Parsons HK. Lessons from a large norovirus outbreak: impact of viral load, patient age and ward design on duration of symptoms and shedding and

- likelihood of transmission. *J Hosp Infect.* 2012;81:25–30. [PubMed](#)  
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jhin.2012.02.002>
32. Repp KK, Keene WE. A point-source norovirus outbreak caused by exposure to fomites. *J Infect Dis.* 2012;205:1639–41. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/infdis/jis250>
33. Riera-Montes M, Brus Sjolander K, Allestam G, Hallin E, Hedlund KO, Lofdahl M. Waterborne norovirus outbreak in a municipal drinking-water supply in Sweden. *Epidemiol Infect.* 2011;139:1928–35. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1017/S0950268810003146>
34. Sarvikivi E, Roivainen M, Maunula L, Niskanen T, Korhonen T, Lappalainen M, et al. Multiple norovirus outbreaks linked to imported frozen raspberries. *Epidemiol Infect.* 2012;140:260–7. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1017/S0950268811000379>
35. Smith AJ, McCarthy N, Saldana L, Ihekweazu C, McPhedran K, Adak GK, et al. A large foodborne outbreak of norovirus in diners at a restaurant in England between January and February 2009. *Epidemiol Infect.* 2012;140:1695–701. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1017/S0950268811002305>
36. Sukhrie FHA, Teunis P, Vennema H, Copra C, Beersma MFCT, Bogerman J, et al. Nosocomial transmission of norovirus is mainly caused by symptomatic cases. *Clin Infect Dis.* 2012;54:931–7. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/cid/cir971>
37. Takanashi S, Wang Q, Chen N, Shen Q, Jung K, Zhang Z, et al. Characterization of emerging GII.g/GII.12 noroviruses from a gastroenteritis outbreak in the United States in 2010. *J Clin Microbiol.* 2011;49:3234–44. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1128/JCM.00305-11>
38. Thornley CN, Emslie NA, Sprott TW, Greening GE, Rapana JP. Recurring norovirus transmission on an airplane. *Clin Infect Dis.* 2011;53:515–20. [PubMed](#) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/cid/cir465>
39. Učakar V, Grilc E, Jeraj I. An investigation of a waterborne outbreak caused by microbiological contamination of the drinking water supply system. *Slovenian Journal of Public Health.* 2012;51:112–9. <http://dx.doi.org/10.2478/v10152-012-0013-0> published online April 3.
40. Vantarakis A, Mellou K, Spala G, Kokkinos P, Alamanos Y. A gastroenteritis outbreak caused by noroviruses in Greece. *Int J Environ Res Public Health.* 2011;8:3468–78. [PubMed](#)  
<http://dx.doi.org/10.3390/ijerph8083468>
41. Vinnard C, Lee I, Linkin D. Successful control of a norovirus outbreak among attendees of a hospital teaching conference. *Am J Infect Control.* 2012;40:73–4. [PubMed](#)  
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ajic.2011.03.033>

42. Wall R, Dymond N, Bell A, Thornley C, Buik H, Cumming D, et al. Two New Zealand outbreaks of norovirus gastroenteritis linked to commercially farmed oysters. *N Z Med J.* 2011;124:63–71.  
[PubMed](#)
43. Yang Z, Wu X, Li T, Li M, Zhong Y, Liu Y, et al. Epidemiological survey and analysis on an outbreak of gastroenteritis due to water contamination. *Biomed Environ Sci.* 2011;24:275–83.  
[PubMed](#)
44. Yap J, Qadir A, Liu I, Loh J, Tan BH, Lee VJ. Outbreak of acute norovirus gastroenteritis in a military facility in Singapore: A public health perspective. *Singapore Med J.* 2012;53:249–54.  
[PubMed](#)