

June 21, 2018

The Honorable Michael R. Pence President of the United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Mr. President:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA) and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers at the Feed Materials Production Center in Fernald, Ohio, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) completed the evaluation of the petition [SEC-00046] for the time period from January 1, 1979, through December 31, 1989, and presented its findings to the Advisory Board on Radiation and Worker Health (Board) during the Board's meeting on August 23, 2017, in Santa Fe, New Mexico. The Board considered the petition, and on October 30, 2017, Acting U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Secretary, Eric Hargan, received the Board's recommendation concerning this petition. I have also received the Board's recommendation and the deliberations, findings, and recommendations of the Director of NIOSH and the Director of CDC. Based on this information, I have determined that the following employees do not meet the statutory criteria for addition to the SEC, as authorized under EEOICPA, 42 U.S.C. § 7384q.

(1) All employees of the Department of Energy (DOE), its predecessor agencies, and their contractors and subcontractors who worked in any area of the Feed Materials Production Center at Fernald, Ohio, from January 1, 1984, through December 31, 1989; and (2) all employees of the DOE, its predecessor agencies, National Lead of Ohio, or NLO, Inc., in any area of the Feed Materials Production Center from January 1, 1979, through December 31, 1983.

The criteria and findings upon which this determination is based are provided in the enclosed report.

Please contact me if you have any further questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

[Signature on File]

Alex M. Azar II



June 21, 2018

The Honorable Mitch McConnell Majority Leader United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Senator McConnell:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA) and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers at the Feed Materials Production Center in Fernald, Ohio, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

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Alex M. Azar II



June 21, 2018

The Honorable Paul Ryan Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Mr. Speaker:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA) and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers at the Feed Materials Production Center in Fernald, Ohio, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

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Alex M. Azar II



June 21, 2018

The Honorable Charles "Chuck" Schumer United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Senator Schumer:

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Alex M. Azar II



June 21, 2018

The Honorable Nancy Pelosi Minority Leader U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Representative Pelosi:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA) and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers at the Feed Materials Production Center in Fernald, Ohio, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

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Alex M. Azar II



June 21, 2018

The Honorable Sherrod Brown United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Senator Brown:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA) and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers at the Feed Materials Production Center in Fernald, Ohio, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

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Alex M. Azar II



June 21, 2018

The Honorable Robert "Rob" Portman United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Senator Portman:

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Sincerely,

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Alex M. Azar II



June 21, 2018

The Honorable Steve Chabot U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Representative Chabot:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA) and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers at the Feed Materials Production Center in Fernald, Ohio, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

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Alex M. Azar II

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Determination Concerning a Petition to Add Members to the Special Exposure Cohort under the

Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000

Determination Concerning a Petition for Certain Employees from Feed Materials Production Center (FMPC) Fernald, Ohio



I. Determination

I, Alex M. Azar II, Secretary of Health and Human Services (Secretary) (HHS), have determined that the employees defined in Section II of this report do not meet the statutory criteria for addition to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC), as authorized under the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA), 42 U.S.C. § 7384q.

June 21, 2018 [Signature on File]

Date Alex M. Azar II, Secretary

II. Employee Class Definition

(1) All employees of the Department of Energy (DOE), its predecessor agencies, and their contractors and subcontractors who worked in any area of the Feed Materials Production Center at Fernald, Ohio, from January 1, 1984, through December 31, 1989; and (2) all employees of the DOE, its predecessor agencies, National Lead of Ohio, or NLO, Inc., in any area of the Feed Materials Production Center from January 1, 1979, through December 31, 1983.

III. Decision Criteria and Recommendations

Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 7384q, to designate a class for addition to the SEC, the Secretary must determine, upon recommendation of the Advisory Board on Radiation and Worker Health (Board), that

- (1) It is not feasible to estimate with sufficient accuracy the radiation dose that the class received, and
- (2) There is a reasonable likelihood that such radiation dose may have endangered the health of members of the class.

The SEC final rule states in 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(1) that it is feasible in two situations to estimate the radiation dose that the class received with sufficient accuracy. First, the rule states that radiation doses may be estimated with sufficient accuracy if the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has established that it has access to sufficient information to estimate the maximum radiation dose for every type of cancer for which radiation doses are reconstructed that could have been incurred under plausible circumstances by any member of the class. Alternatively, radiation doses may be estimated with sufficient accuracy if NIOSH has established that it has access to sufficient information to estimate the radiation doses of members of the class more precisely than a maximum dose estimate.

In a letter dated October 25, 2017, the Board, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 7384q, agreed with the following NIOSH findings, effectively advising the Secretary that radiation doses can be reconstructed with sufficient accuracy for certain employees at the Feed Materials Production Center (FMPC) in accordance with provisions of EEOICPA and the SEC final rule.

IV. Determination Findings

Feasibility of Estimating Radiation Doses with Sufficient Accuracy

The Secretary established the feasibility determination for the class of employees covered by this report based upon the findings summarized below:

- The principle sources of internal radiation exposure for assessed members of the evaluated class included exposures to uranium, radon, thorium, and thoron. The modes of exposure were through ingestion and inhalation.
- NIOSH has determined that is has sufficient site information and air sampling and bioassay data to allow it to conclude that it is feasible to estimate internal exposures to uranium, radon, thorium, and thoron with sufficient accuracy for the evaluated class of FMPC employees who worked at the site from January 1, 1984, through December 31, 1989, and for all DOE, National Lead of Ohio, and NLO employees from January 1, 1979, through December 31, 1983.
- The sources of external radiation doses were evaluated in the SEC-00046 FMPC evaluation report. SEC-00046 concluded that all external doses, including occupational medical doses, could be estimated with sufficient accuracy for FMPC workers over the entire evaluated time period from January 1, 1951, through December 31, 1989.
- NIOSH has established that it has access to sufficient information to: (1) estimate the maximum radiation dose, for every type of cancer for which radiation doses are reconstructed, that could have been incurred in plausible circumstances by any member of the class; or (2) estimate radiation doses more precisely than an estimate of maximum dose for all covered FMPC employees from January 1, 1984, through December 31, 1989, and for all DOE, National Lead of Ohio, and NLO employees from January 1, 1979, through December 31, 1983. Information in available resources is sufficient to estimate the maximum internal and external potential exposure to members of the evaluated class under plausible circumstances during the specified periods.
- The Board concurred with NIOSH's determination that dose reconstruction is feasible for the evaluated class of FMPC employees who worked at the site from January 1, 1984, through December 31, 1989, and for all DOE, National Lead of Ohio, and NLO employees from January 1, 1979, through December 31, 1983, and therefore the class should not be added to the SEC.

Health Endangerment

Because the Secretary established that it is feasible to estimate with sufficient accuracy the radiation doses encountered by FMPC employees as specified in this class, a determination of health endangerment is not required.

V. Effect of the Determination

Members of the class of employees covered by this determination and their survivors continue to be eligible to submit claims for compensation under EEOICPA. As required for cancer claims covering other Department of Energy and Atomic Weapons Employer employees (or Atomic Weapons Employees) not included in the SEC, qualified cancer claims under Part B of EEOICPA for members of this class will be adjudicated by the Department of Labor, in part, on the basis of radiation dose reconstructions, which will be conducted by NIOSH.

VI. Administrative Review of Determination

The determination provided in this report may be subject to an administrative review within HHS, pursuant to 42 C.F.R. § 83.18(a). On the basis of such a review, if the Secretary decides to designate the class of employees covered by this determination, in part or in whole, as an addition to the SEC, the Secretary will transmit a new report to Congress providing the designation and the criteria and findings on which the decision was based.