THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH

convenes the

WORKING GROUP MEETING

ADVISORY BOARD ON

RADIATION AND WORKER HEALTH

NEVADA TEST SITE

The verbatim transcript of the Working

Group Meeting of the Advisory Board on Radiation and

Worker Health held telephonically on April 18, 2007.

<u>C O N T E N T S</u> April 18, 2007

WELCOME AND OPENING COMMENTS DR. LEWIS WADE, DFO	6
INTRODUCTION BY CHAIR	9
COMMENT 20 RESPONSE	10
COMMENT 21: EXTREMITY DOSIMETRY	19
COMMENT 22: NO NEUTRON DOSE DATA UNTIL 1966	21
COMMENT 23: RESUSPENSION DOSES	31
COMMENT 24: HIGH-FIRED OXIDES	56
COMMENT 25: SITE EXPERT INTERVIEWS	61
RECAP OF RESPONSES 1 THROUGH 25	69
COURT REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE	74

TRANSCRIPT LEGEND

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- -- "*" denotes a spelling based on phonetics, without reference available.
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PROCEEDINGS

1 (11:00 a.m.)

WELCOME AND OPENING COMMENTS

DR. LEWIS WADE, DFO

Let me introduce myself. I'm Lew Wade, and I serve as the Designated Federal Official for the Advisory Board. And this is a meeting of the work group for the Advisory Board that's looking at the Nevada Test Site site profile. It's ably chaired by Robert Presley, members Munn, Clawson and Roessler. All of them have identified themselves as being on the phone.

Are there any other Board members that are on the call other than Presley, Munn, Clawson and Roessler?

(no response)

DR. WADE: Any other Board members on the call?

(no response)

DR. WADE: Okay, let's do our introductions starting with NIOSH/ORAU Team members, and please as is normally our custom, identify if you're conflicted relative to the Nevada Test

1	Site.
2	MR. ROLFES: This is Mark Rolfes. I'm a
3	health physicist with NIOSH, and I have no
4	conflict.
5	DR. NETON: This is Jim Neton. I'm with
6	NIOSH, no conflict.
7	MR. ELLIOTT: Larry Elliott with NIOSH, no
8	conflict.
9	MR. ROLLINS: This is Gene Rollins with O-R-
10	A-U, and I have no conflict.
11	MS. SMITH: This is Cheryl Smith. I'm with
12	the ORAU Team, and I have no conflict.
13	DR. WADE: Other NIOSH/ORAU Team members?
14	(no response)
15	DR. WADE: How about SC&A team members?
16	DR. MAURO: John Mauro here, no conflict.
17	DR. OSTROW: Steve Ostrow on the phone, no
18	conflict.
19	DR. MAKHIJANI: Arjun Makhijani, no
20	conflict.
21	DR. WADE: Any other SC&A team members?
22	(no response)
23	DR. WADE: What about other federal
24	employees who are on the call by virtue of
25	their federal employment?

MS. HOMOKI-TITUS: This is Liz Homoki-Titus
with HHS.
DR. WADE: Welcome, Liz.
MS. HOWELL: Emily Howell with HHS.
DR. WADE: Welcome, Emily.
MR. BROEHM: Jason Broehm with CDC.
DR. WADE: Hello, Jason.
Other federal employees here by virtue
of their employment?
(no response)
DR. WADE: Are there workers, worker
representatives, members of Congress or their
staff on the call?
MR. McDONOUGH: Alex McDonough with the
Office of Senator Harry Reid.
DR. WADE: Welcome.
Workers, worker reps, members of
Congress or their staffs?
(no response)
DR. WADE: Is there anyone else who would
like to be identified as being on the call for
the record?
(no response)
DR. WADE: Anyone else like to be
identified?

(no response)

DR. WADE: Briefly as to phone etiquette, again, if you're speaking, speak into a handset and don't use a speaker phone to speak. It picks up all kinds of background noises. If you can, when you're not speaking, please mute your telephone. And be mindful of background noises, you know, cats meowing or children crying or background music if you were to put the phone on hold. All of those things can be very distracting among others.

So, Robert, it's all yours.

INTRODUCTION BY CHAIR

MR. PRESLEY: All right, thank you, Lew.

This is Robert Presley. When we met the last time on 3/21/07, or let's see. No, it wasn't. It was 27 I believe. We got down through Response 20 is what I show, and what I was going to ask, 20 is on the non-use of badges. Is there anything that we need to go through on 20 before we go to item 21?

(no response)

MR. PRESLEY: Everybody satisfied with what their -- well, one thing I need to ask, has everybody got a new copy of the matrix that

1	Mark sent out day before yesterday?
2	MR. CLAWSON: This is Brad. I've got a new
3	copy of it.
4	COURT REPORTER: Bob, this is Ray. I don't,
5	and I sure would like one if somebody could e-
6	mail it to me.
7	MR. PRESLEY: Okay, I'll ask somebody from
8	NIOSH if they'll go ahead and send that to
9	Ray.
10	MS. HOMOKI-TITUS: Can you send it to me as
11	well? This is Liz. I'll give you my e-mail
12	address. It's vhomokititus@cdc.gov.
13	DR. ROESSLER: It's probably on this list
14	here, so I'll double check it. I'll send it
15	to both of you.
16	MS. HOMOKI-TITUS: Okay, thanks.
17	DR. ROESSLER: The one that's on this list
18	is vah9.
19	MS. HOMOKI-TITUS: That's fine. You can use
20	that one as well.
21	MR. PRESLEY: Okay, if everybody's -
22	COMMENT 20 RESPONSE
23	MS. MUNN: Bob, I have a question about our
24	Comment 20 and one of the common threads that
25	we see running through here. We have repeated

that the work group's to review that work for completeness, and a number of the items that we went through on our last work group meeting I had scrawled done across mine, done, done, done.

I guess is it going to be possible for us today to be that descriptive about comments like, working group to review for completeness? From my perspective most of these that we have looked at have reached that point. We have reviewed it, and in my mind they are complete, but we don't say so anywhere on the matrix that we have. So I guess I'd raise that question with respect to Comment 20.

MR. PRESLEY: I was going to bring that up at the end, but that's good because you may not be here. We were going to bring that up to where we've got like where it says TBD work completed. Working group will review for completeness. And one of the things that I will ask Mark, are we going to get a copy of the new Technical Basis Document to where that we can go through and make a review and say, okay, this is what we would like to see in

1 here? 2 MR. ROLFES: Bob, we can definitely provide 3 copies if that would be helpful to you. 4 They're also going to be posted on our website 5 as well for public access. So we can 6 definitely, if you need a hard copy, we can 7 definitely do that. 8 MR. PRESLEY: What about it, Board members? 9 Is that -- or working group members, I'm 10 sorry. Is that something that we can say 11 right now that when we're through with this, 12 and where we've got there's things that say 13 that the working group concurs, but they will, 14 but they need to look at it from the Technical 15 Basis Document, do we want to get a copy of 16 that and then go through it before we meet in 17 Denver? 18 MR. CLAWSON: Bob, this is Brad. 19 that we've got to. You know, we've got lots 20 of these that they're changing guidance to 21 Chapter Five and Chapter Six, and the work 22 group will review these. 23 MR. PRESLEY: That's right. 24 MR. CLAWSON: So we've got to. 25 MR. PRESLEY: I think so, too.

1	MS. MUNN: I agree.
2	MR. PRESLEY: Wanda or Gen?
3	DR. ROESSLER: Yes, this is Gen. I agree.
4	MR. PRESLEY: Okay, then, Mark, if you
5	would, I would like to have it in hard copy,
6	and you can go ahead and put it on the web,
7	too. If you don't mind sending me a hard
8	copy?
9	MR. ROLFES: Sure, is there anyone else that
10	needs a hard copy?
11	MR. CLAWSON: This is Brad. If you'd send
12	me a hard copy, I'd appreciate it.
13	DR. ROESSLER: I'd like mine by e-mail.
14	This is Gen.
15	DR. MAKHIJANI: This is Arjun. Could I ask
16	a clarifying question about schedule? Is that
17	revision of the TBD ready? Because it says
18	will be added. I'm not clear on when this is
19	going to happen in relation to the next Board
20	meeting which is very soon.
21	MR. ROLFES: Arjun, this is Mark, and many
22	of the issues have been updated, and the TBD
23	has been revised since we've been meeting.
24	There are a couple of issues that are drafted,
25	and we're basically awaiting the final review

1 and approval of those new issues. So the 2 revised TBDs that we have currently approved 3 and on our website may not address every issue 4 that we're discussing today. 5 DR. MAKHIJANI: Oh, okay. Like this particular one, is it in the TBD? 6 7 MR. ROLFES: Which? 8 DR. MAKHIJANI: Response 20, coworker dose 9 will be added to TBD to assist in identifying 10 11 MR. ROLFES: The draft language has been 12 added to an unapproved version so this is not 13 yet available in the currently available site 14 profile. 15 MS. MUNN: Mark, in the grand scheme of 16 things, how many of these working group to 17 review for completeness items do you 18 anticipate will actually be in a form for us 19 to look at in the TBD between now and May 2nd? MR. ROLFES: I'd like to have Gene address 20 21 that if Gene could speak to how many of the 22 issues from the matrix we have completed a 23 response and then approach to address the 24 issues that were raised. 25 MR. ROLLINS: I think if you'll look -- this

is Gene Rollins. I think if you'll look at the matrix, we've identified those areas where the work has been completed for the TBD, and the draft changes have been put into a draft revision. I don't know what the protocol is for providing that outside, for any outside review, but I don't know that we typically do that. Maybe somebody from NIOSH could address that.

MR. PRESLEY: Larry or Jim?

DR. NETON: Yeah, I guess I was thinking about something else when Gene was talking, but the idea is that these things have been drafted but not incorporated into the site profile.

MS. MUNN: Right.

DR. NETON: I think we would prefer to have these in the site profile before they're issued rather than send these out piecemeal.

MR. ELLIOTT: This is Larry Elliott. I'm sorry. I was -- the disadvantage of these teleconferences is that it allows us here in the government to do multitasking and I was elsewhere at that point in time. However, I picked up where Jim left off there, and I

would say that these are pre-decisional documents and until we have placed our review, technical and peer, on top of them and stamped them with our approval, we're not going to share them outside.

MR. PRESLEY: That's great.

MS. MUNN: Yeah, this is Wanda, and I agree with that position. I'm just concerned over how close we are to the May meeting and what we intend to, what we as a working group have committed to with respect to that meeting, what we're actually going to be able to produce. That's why I asked.

The question I originally asked was how much of this is going to be in form for us to truly review it and come to some decision on whether or not it has been completed and adequately addressed. It sounds to me as though we're not going to have the documents in that condition. We'll have the rough draft, but we won't be able to have reviewed what we have asked to be completed for the new NTS site documents. Am I getting that correct?

MR. PRESLEY: Larry, from what I gathered

1 from what you just said, we will not be 2 getting a rough draft. 3 MR. ELLIOTT: That's correct. What you will 4 see will be our final version when we say it's 5 final. MR. PRESLEY: Now, and then what we can do 6 7 at the meeting is say that we have gone 8 through our 20-something items, and that we 9 have resolved these, and so many items are 10 tied back to the Technical Basis Document and 11 so many have been completed. And if we don't 12 have the Technical Basis Document then we will 13 at that point say we're awaiting the Technical 14 Basis Document and that will be it. 15 MR. ELLIOTT: I assure you that we are 16 seriously trying our best to produce all of 17 this information in a timely way, but we don't 18 want something half-baked, half-cooked going 19 forward as we think is our best effort. 20 MS. MUNN: No, we don't want to mess with 21 this until it's done, when you finish baking 22 it. 23 MR. PRESLEY: I don't want to go through and 24 then somebody jump up here and say, well, 25 that's, or let's change this and let's change

1	that. I don't want to do that. I'd rather
2	have a completed document that's been gone
3	through and the I's are dotted and the T's are
4	crossed.
5	MS. MUNN: Okay, so essentially bottom line
6	here is I can actually look on the web and get
7	what is finalized now. And anything else is
8	going to have to wait until the release of the
9	full document which will not occur until after
10	the Denver meeting, correct? At which time we
11	may or may not need the working group meeting
12	to eval that.
13	MR. ROLFES: That's correct, Wanda. I just
14	wanted to remind everybody that there have
15	been some page changes to particular TBDs for
16	the Nevada Test Site. For example on January
17	11 th , there were some related to comment ten
18	about the external environmental dose, and we
19	have resolved that
20	MS. MUNN: Yeah.
21	MR. ROLFES: as well as a couple of
22	others.
23	MS. MUNN: Okay, very good, thank you.
24	MR. PRESLEY: All right, let's
25	DR. MAKHIJANI: Mr. Presley, may I ask a
	1

1 clarifying process question just for us? 2 MR. PRESLEY: Go ahead, Arjun. 3 DR. MAKHIJANI: So I am presuming from this 4 discussion that when you have looked at the 5 revisions, then at that point we'll decide 6 whether the issue is closed or whether you 7 want to review it yourself or assign pieces of 8 it to us. So in the interim, there's nothing 9 for us to do other than the comment on the 10 mass loading model that we started. 11 MR. PRESLEY: That's the way I see it. 12 DR. MAKHIJANI: Okay, great. 13 MR. PRESLEY: If any of the working group 14 members see it any different than that, but 15 right now that's where I see it. 16 Anybody else have any more comments? 17 (no response) 18 EXTREMITY DOSIMETRY COMMENT 21: 19 MR. PRESLEY: Let's start with item 21 which 20 has to do with extremity dosimetry. It has to 21 do with the assembly workers at Nevada at the 22 Test Site. 23 And, Mark, do you want to take the 24 lead on that? 25 MR. ROLFES: Sure. Our response I'll just

1 read into the record that we have developed 2 NIOSH has developed guidance for extremity 3 dosimetry and has incorporated the information 4 into the TBD. We note that few, if any, 5 Nevada Test Site contractor personnel fall 6 into the category of bomb assembly worker 7 since these operations were conducted 8 primarily by the national laboratory 9 employees. If we do find that Nevada Test 10 Site contractor personnel were involved, 11 guidance will be developed for the laboratory employees -- I'm sorry, guidance developed for 12 the laboratory employees will be applied as 13 14 appropriate to those NTS contractors as well. 15 MR. PRESLEY: Okay, I think that's great. 16 Does anybody have any comment on this 17 response? 18 MS. MUNN: May I mark it done? 19 MR. PRESLEY: I would love to. 20 MS. MUNN: Do we have agreement from SC&A 21 that this is adequate? 22 MR. PRESLEY: John or Arjun? 23 DR. MAURO: I'll take one shot and then 24 Arjun can take a shot. One of the, certainly, 25 the fact that guidance is being developed for

extremity dosimetry and can be applied to these workers is, the answer's, of course, that's the intent. The degree to which the Board would want us, the Advisory Board, would want us to review that guidance is not the question. So I guess the answer to the question is, yes, this item is closed to the extent that the Board may or may not want us to take a look at what that guidance is when it's finalized and published and whether it's in this site profile or is a part of some other OTIB.

MR. PRESLEY: Okay, I'm going to go ahead and mark this closed then right now until we look at it. All righty? Anybody else have anything on item 21, response 21?

(no response)

COMMENT 22: NO NEUTRON DOSE DATA UNTIL 1966

MR. PRESLEY: Okay, Response 22 has to deal with neutron dose data until, there were no neutron dose data until 1966 and partial data available 'til 1979. We have a response from NIOSH.

Mark, do you want to go ahead and go through this?

MR. ROLFES: Yes, we did look into the neutron dose concern from atmospheric nuclear testing, and we found that for civilian employees associated with the Nevada Test Site the closest workers were at a control point during atmospheric testing in Area Six. We found that the workers would not have been within range of a nuclear test that would have exposed them to a substantial amount of neutrons. And I believe we did a scoping calculation to determine that for anybody that was farther, for anyone that was out of Area Six during a test, they would have received less than one millirem of neutron dose.

MS. MUNN: Does SC&A accept that?

DR. MAKHIJANI: We haven't been asked to review that so, at least I haven't reviewed it.

John?

DR. MAURO: No, the only thing I could say is that it does ring true based on some of the other knowledge I have regarding neutron exposures, so I guess my reaction is the answer that you gave does ring true; however, we have not confirmed that. I guess that's

about the best I can do right now.

MS. MUNN: Well, this raises another procedural problem in my mind. I was of the understanding that no additional authority was necessary, that the purpose in our work group meetings here was to look at the questions that had been raised by SC&A, to get a response from NIOSH with regard to those questions, and to attempt to resolve them in the working group. So I guess am I hearing a hint that SC&A is of the impression that once that response from NIOSH is there, the SC&A responsibility has been fulfilled unless another specific request is forthcoming as to whether or not that responds adequately to their question?

DR. MAURO: That's my understanding. And on this particular set it's my understanding that from the previous conference call we were given the action item to work with Gene Rollins in looking into the resuspension issues. So that was the only, in other words, at that last meeting that was the approach that NIOSH proposed to deal with resuspension. It was presented, material was provided to

everyone including SC&A, and SC&A was requested at that time to look at that material. And it's my understanding though that on these other matters, such as the one we just discussed, we don't take any action unless we are asked to proceed.

MS. MUNN: But then that begs the question as to how our working group is to resolve the issue.

DR. WADE: I think -- Wanda, this is Lew, I think the model we're following is if you look at the materials in front of you, and you decide that you need your contractor to do something to bring it to closure, then they're available to do that and can be tasked just by this work group. If you feel you've reached closure, then it's finished.

MR. PRESLEY: Yeah, because -- this is Bob
Presley. SC&A had a chance to comment this
from the get-go when we first brought up these
responses, and we did have some comments from
them. And then this is NIOSH's response back.

MS. MUNN: And so when I asked the question so is this sufficient, and I hear, well, we don't know because we haven't been tasked with

1 looking to see if it's sufficient, that raises 2 a big red flag in my mind. Am I missing 3 something here? 4 DR. WADE: This is Lew. I think, if, when 5 you look at the material in front of you, you 6 have doubt that you don't think you can 7 resolve the issue within the work group, then 8 you simply need to task your contractor in 9 whatever way you would like. 10 MR. PRESLEY: If we don't think that this 11 is, as a working group, that this response is 12 good, then we have the right to go back and tell SC&A to look at it and see if they, what 13 14 they believe. Or if we believe, then we should mark it closed. 15 16 DR. WADE: I don't think this is different 17 than any of the other work groups. I think 18 we're just talking about it a bit more 19 formally. I mean, NIOSH spoke. SC&A spoke. 20 Here's the materials. The work group can 21 check it off or say, no, we think that the 22 site profile modification needs to be reviewed 23 by our contractor. Then SC&A will do that and 24 bring that result back to you. 25 MS. MUNN: But I think you're absolutely

correct, Lew, that's why I'm suddenly very concerned when I hear Arjun say, well, we haven't reviewed that and so we're not prepared to say whether that's adequate or not. Then are we at some later time going to hear that our contractor did not agree to the comments that the work group felt closed the issue? That's a concern to me.

DR. WADE: John Mauro can speak to that. I think SC&A would then be silent on the issue if they've not been tasked to look at it.

DR. MAURO: Yeah, it's been our approach to only move forward on and we're given direction as opposed to presuming that in this particular case we did not say, okay, I did not turn on the team to say, okay, let's look at each of these responses and be prepared to, the only one we did that for is this resuspension question with Gene Rollins.

The others we don't normally go ahead because it could turn out to be a substantial endeavor spending considerable resources. And we felt that before we do something like that, we want to make sure the Board wants us to move forward.

DR. WADE: And again I'll speak clearly on this. I mean, with great respect SC&A is a very important part of this process, but they're not an active player in this. They, if they're tasked, they do the work and bring it back to the Board. If they're not tasked, then they're not authorized to do that work, and I would expect them not to do it and not speak to it, and certainly not to bill hours for it.

I think, John, you completely understand that.

MS. MUNN: Well, that, yes, you're simply verifying what my original concept had been here. But since we've had what sounds to me to be some questions with respect to the work group's view of whether this issue is closed or not, I was concerned that I was hearing something that was going to affect the (unintelligible).

DR. WADE: Arjun's points were exactly correct as he made them. I mean, we had a work group call last time. SC&A wasn't tasked with looking into that issue; and therefore, they come here not able to speak because they

1 weren't asked to do that work. And I think it 2 is progressing according to plan, at least as 3 I see it. Again, if anyone has any questions 4 they need to raise them now or they can raise 5 them with me offline. 6 MS. MUNN: I was just concerned about the 7 tenor of the response there, Arjun. I know 8 Arjun didn't intend it that way, but it just 9 was a concern for me. So when we're saying 10 this item is closed now, we accept the 11 response from NIOSH as being adequate. 12 DR. WADE: If the work group says that, 13 that's fine. 14 MS. MUNN: It's done. 15 DR. WADE: If the work group said the item 16 is not closed and doesn't task SC&A, then the 17 active work needs to be done by the work 18 group. 19 MS. MUNN: Very good. DR. MAKHIJANI: Ms. Munn, just to clarify my 20 21 own response. I was not responding to the 22 work group's opinion of whether it's closed or 23 If I remember correctly, you asked 24 whether SC&A had an opinion of that, and I 25 just said that we hadn't reviewed it.

1 MS. MUNN: No, no, I just said if --2 DR. MAKHIJANI: I shouldn't be speaking to 3 the issue according to the protocol that Dr. 4 Wade has just described. We haven't reviewed 5 it so we're not, we don't have an opinion 6 about that. That's clear to me now. 7 MS. MUNN: Thank 8 you, Arjun. 9 DR. MAURO: This is John Mauro. One other 10 point I think that might be helpful is that 11 we're in the process where there will be 12 eventually a TBD issued which will address all these items. At that time, of course, the 13 Board would look at, or the working group 14 could look at to revise TBD and make judgments 15 16 as to which ones they, you folks feel have 17 been adequately dealt with and are convincing. 18 Or you may judge at that time that, well, we'd 19 like our contractor to look at it. 20 That's one way to do it. That would 21 be putting the process of closure at the back 22 end after the TBD is issued. The alternative 23 is to, any items like the ones we're talking 24 about right that you feel it would be some

advantage for SC&A to look at in a focused way

25

and then get back to the working group so that the TBD when it is finally issued does reflect the contributions that SC&A may have to this which is the way the resuspension factor is being dealt with.

So, I mean, this is a process issue.

It's completely up to the working group on how you'd like to move forward.

MS. MUNN: Right, and I think traditionally we have done a little of both of that. In this particular case it is my understanding based on the discussion that we had just a few minutes earlier before this one that we would want to see the final TBD before we made these absolute decisions with respect to the completeness of the response. The end result is what we're going to be looking at. I thought that's what we agreed to earlier.

DR. WADE: And just to anticipate -- this is Lew Wade again -- when the work group sees the modified TBD, it can task its contractor in a number of ways. It could say, it could ask it to do nothing. It could ask it to look at items six, seven and 12 in the matrix to see if they have been adequately covered. Or it

1 could say we'd like your opinion on the entire 2 document and get back to the work group. 3 MS. MUNN: That was my view. It's what I 4 thought we had almost agreed to prior to this 5 discussion. All right, thank you. 6 MR. PRESLEY: All righty, so is everybody in 7 agreement that item or Response 22 has been 8 completed and should be closed at this point 9 until we can review the TBD document? 10 MS. MUNN: Yes. 11 DR. ROESSLER: Yes. 12 MR. PRESLEY: Brad? 13 MR. CLAWSON: Yes. 14 MR. PRESLEY: Gen? 15 DR. ROESSLER: Yes. 16 MR. PRESLEY: Mark it closed. 17 RESUSPENSION DOSES COMMENT 23: 18 Okay, now the good one. Has to do 19 with resuspension. Needs to be evaluated and 20 has to do with hot spots and plutonium in the 21 soil. 22 Mark, do you want to do this, or do 23 you want to turn this over to Gene? 24 MR. ROLFES: Well, at our last meeting we 25 had discussed quite a bit about our

resuspension model and that floating model.

And Gene Rollins had prepared a white paper.

And at the last meeting we had agreed to have

John Mauro take a look at some of the

conservatisms. We had five conservatisms in

the model, and I believe we were also awaiting

some response.

I believe John Mauro was going to pass that document on to Dr. Anspaugh as well for his opinion, and I don't know if that has been done to date. But our response for this is basically the white paper that was prepared. And I believe everything has been done on our side, but we were just waiting for confirmation from SC&A.

MR. PRESLEY: John?

DR. MAURO: Yes, I'd be happy to speak to that. We have been working on the problem. We have accomplished quite a bit. We do plan to submit a report to the working group on the items, but I could give you a status report, and I'll try to keep it brief, what the elements are and where we think we have achieved closure and where there's still a little bit more homework that we're doing, not

a lot, but things we're looking into.

With regard to, the model itself has certain elements to it, and that's probably the best way to talk about is by each element and where we are on each one.

The first is the dust loading that is being, well, the first is it's my understanding that this particular model that was provided to us is to be used to (unintelligible) only as an upper bound method. And a more realistic treatment of the problem is going to be dealt with on a caseby-case basis. And I'd like to ask NIOSH is that a correct understanding of the perspective of how we are to look at it, mainly, for denial purposes solely?

MR. ROLFES: Gene, are you there?

MR. ROLLINS: Yes. This is Gene Rollins.

The way it was currently constructed, John, we recognize that it represents potentially very much of an overestimation of potential intakes. But that's okay for most of the internal organ response that it could be problematic for some of the respiratory organs where the doses could be quite high.

So the idea was to put forth a model that could be used in a majority of the cases to keep the cases moving. And in the event that we came across a respiratory cancer that these intakes did affect compensability, then we would sharpen the pencil and come up with a more reasonable estimate of what potential intakes could have been. And I wrote in that paper, I attached a proposed wording that would provide guidance to the dose reconstructors as to what actions they could take to reduce those bounding intakes or what we refer to as the maximum intakes.

DR. MAURO: Okay, that's good because that's how we are reviewing the write up right now, the fundamental model that you've proposed.

And within that context I can go through the elements that make up this model as a bounding.

First and foremost, probably the most important assumption is that you're assuming that the worker is located at Area 8 which is one of the highest areas of contamination second only to Area 30. We concur that Area 30 is very less likely to be occupied, we've

looked into that, than Area 8. So picking

Area 8 seemed to be the reasonable bounding

assumed area where the person might have been.

If you have no other information, and we think of it like this. If you have a person, you know he was at the site, you know he was outdoors. It only applies, of course, during the post-testing, that is, post-1962 time period. And it's our understanding that, so when you're in a situation where you want to reconstruct a worker's dose that was outdoors post-'62, you're not quite sure where he was, and you don't know how much time he might have been out there.

And we're going to try to place an upper bound for the purpose of denial. And you also have some information that he was not in any tunnels. He was not associated with Baneberry, which is a major venting operation. In other words there are a lot of qualifiers that our perspective is that, yes. Our understanding is that this particular model is to be used with those qualifiers. If the person was, you know, if you have better information or if you know that he was

involved in tunnel work or he was involved or close by during a venting operation, especially Baneberry -- I believe Baneberry was post-'62 -- then, or other important venting, then you really can't necessarily use this.

So that's sort of like our first

So that's sort of like our first overarching observation. It's almost like a qualifier. It's within that context that we understand that this particular tool will be used.

Now, given that context then we say, okay, picking Area 8 looks pretty good. We're going to write all this up for you and our rationale for it. But looking good as a fundamental approach. Five milligrams per cubic meter is the dust loading that you're assuming this person is going to experience.

And assuming that he experiences that 2,600 hours per year is certainly over the top. We agree with that. In fact, we have some data here from a lot of work that was done at the Nevada Test Site for Yucca Mountain where we have information on dust loadings and five milligrams per cubic meter

as, and as a long-term average is certainly a bounding assumption.

Now the places where we're having a little difficulty, and bear with me for a moment. When you look at Area 8, what you, think of it like this. It's a series of bull's eyes where the explosion took place, and you have localized areas of relatively high concentrations, and then large areas of relatively low concentrations. It's a pretty big area.

So what we're looking at is answering the question, well, is it possible, is it plausible that an individual who would be working in Area 8 may have spent a large portion of his time in one of the sublocations within this large Area 8 where the average activity to which he could have been exposed could have been substantially higher.

Now, we're looking at the disk, the CD that you had sent us, Gene. I really appreciate that. And that's one of the things we're looking at right now. And Steve Ostrow is on the line, who I asked to look at that.

And based on the feedback from Steve --

Certainly you could give it if you wanted, correct anything I say.

It looks like they're all localized areas where the activity could be on the order of 100 to perhaps a thousand times higher than the average activity.

DR. OSTROW: That's in the MacArthur Report.

DR. MAURO: Yeah, that's the MacArthur Report.

So one qualifier, and this is not to say that the model is not reasonable, but one qualifier is if you postulate a scenario where the person is spending a lot of time in one of these sub-portions of Area 8 -- now that may not be feasible. It may turn out that no one really spent 2,600 hours per year in the center of the worst bull's eye, so we're with you 100 percent on that.

But at the same time exploring the concept that there are these variabilities within Area 8. And the variabilities are up but they're small. The variabilities are relatively large, and so we feel that some discussion -- and we're looking into this a little bit so we're going to contribute some

written material that might be helpful -- but some discussion on the variability and why going with the numbers that you have picked are, in fact, in combination with some of the other assumptions, 2,600 hours, five milligrams per cubic meter, taken collectively still represents a bounding estimate.

But when we found out that there were localized areas that were up to a thousand times higher, we started to say, hmmm, you know, maybe that five milligrams doesn't do the deal anymore. But then again another area we're looking at is it may turn out that the areas where it's that high, there may have been rad safe controls in place -- and in fact, Steve Ostrow is looking into that also for me right now -- where those areas may well have been under some special control, fenced off, and people didn't go there because they were so much elevated above the rest of the area.

If that was the case, then that scenario that I just described is really off the table unless the person that's out there is sort of downwind, not in the area but

downwind of the area. So in other words there are nuances to the analysis which probably needs to be explored a little bit further.

And I think at the end by doing what I would call a little bit more analysis of the scenarios that may apply to a given person that you're going to use this for and demonstrating that these aspects to it such as this story I just told regarding localized higher areas, are appropriately covered with the model.

And the last item -- and Gene and I spoke about this, and we're checking this out, too -- is in 1964, in other words, right now the data characterizing the radionuclide deposition on Area 8, I believe was collected around 1990, the measurements, and reality is if you go back within time, because we haven't applied this, to post-1963 and as a result the radionuclides that you see in 1990 are, of course, all the long-lived ones.

If you go back to 1964, '65 which is only a year or so after the above ground testing ceased, there might very well be a list of radionuclides that are relatively

short lived but are still there and could possibly also, so you may have missed some part radionuclides. Gene had explained to me that they are coming up with a method for dealing with that. And in discussing these matters with some of the folks that I work with, the method has to do with certain adjustment factors to be made for that time period.

I think that's important that that particular concern be explored. And if it turns out that that is important, that is, if we don't take that into consideration, it's possible, notwithstanding the five milligrams per cubic meter, which we agree is over the top, you might miss some important doses to people who might have worked there let's say at admin but in Area 8, and perhaps some of the higher areas in 1964, '63, in posttesting. So this is sort of like a snapshot.

One last item and I'll leave you alone related to all these matters is the concept of an enrichment factor. We reviewed some data, some very nice data of sort of Yucca Mountain on resuspension and enrichment factors.

And enrichment factor simply says if you know what the picocuries per gram is in the soil that you have before you, that you're standing on, and then you take an air sample, and you have a certain number of grams per cubic meter of dust in the air that you're breathing, is it appropriate to assume that the picocuries per gram of radioactivity in the dust that you're inhaling is the same as the picocuries per gram in the dust or the soil that you're standing on that's in the selected top few centimeters.

It turns out that a lot of work was done, not a lot, some work was done on that subject then published, and we found that typically what's used is an enhancement factor of a typical value of three. What this means is because the stuff that's re-suspended are the smaller particles, and since there's more activity per gram on the smaller particles than, let's say, on the full distribution of dirt which is a distribution that includes larger particles, there's more surface area per gram on the stuff that's in the air.

So that's been studied, and so there's

an enhancement. It's only a factor of three. So what I would say is this, that there are aspects to the model that Gene has put forth that probably need to be discussed a little bit, the kinds of things I'm talking about. In the end a factor of three multiplied, let's say enrichment factor, is probably more than accounted for by the fact that you're using five milligrams per cubic meter. But nevertheless, I think it would, the report, the site profile, would benefit from some discussion of all of these different issues that I just sort of painted across the board here.

We're going to send some materials, some references and some information, not a big report. It'll be a small report only putting in a modest effort by some very knowledgeable people, but we will send that off. I'm hoping to have it out next week, and it'll be in your hands, Gene, and hopefully, you'll find it useful in helping to finalize the model that you're using. Right now we're not saying that the model that you have is in any way deficient. We're saying that there

1 are aspects to the assumptions that are 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 of that data. 20 21 we were not looking at that. 22 23 24 25 haven't been looking at it.

imbedded in the model that probably need to be explored a little further in order to make sure that it's bulletproof so to speak.

MR. ROLLINS: John, this is Gene Rollins. appreciate the work that you're doing, and I'll look forward to seeing that report.

There's one other item that I would like for you to consider when you're going through all of these pieces of data, and that is somehow it seems to me we need to reconcile empirical data that was gained from the air sampling program because as I understand it those air samples were not put in areas that typically, where people didn't work. I mean, those air samplers were put out there to measure the airborne concentrations in areas where people worked. And we have a plethora

DR. MAURO: Okay, you know, I have to admit

Steve, is any of that data in the dataset that you've been looking at?

DR. OSTROW: No, I'm aware of it, but we

DR. MAURO: Okay, so, yes, I understand what you're saying, and I think it's certainly worthwhile. In other words notwithstanding all of these things we talked about, if you've got some real air sampling data collected while people were working in terms of dust loading and the picocuries per cubic meter in the breathing zones, that would be great, but I thought you didn't have that. I have to admit.

If you have some of that, we'd be more than happy to look at it. And I don't think very long to look at it to, as being another, I guess, facet of how to come at this problem and how to ensure that, in fact, what you're using as a model is, in fact, bounding.

MR. ROLLINS: John, if you go into Chapter
Four of the TBD, which is where we had
produced the resuspension model, the early
part of that chapter has a pretty good
discussion on air sampling data and provides a
summary by area and by year.

DR. MAURO: We will definitely go back to that. You know, I have to apologize. I did not go back to the original TBD. We've been

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working with the new material that you forwarded to us. Had I had the presence of mind to do that I certainly would have done that.

So, Steve, let's put that on the list and take a quick look and crosscheck that data against the kinds of issues we're talking about here.

By the way, for the benefit of the working group, I don't think it's appropriate to use the upper bound on every one of these parameters so I'm not saying that. All I'm saying is that I think by disclosing and airing out these aspects of the model that they were taken into consideration and a prudent set of conservative assumptions were used and some realistic assumptions in combination so that you would come up with a model that's not so ridiculously over the top as to be completely unrealistic but conservative enough that one could say that it is bounding. So, yes, we'll be happy to do that, and I think we could do that pretty expeditiously, and it won't affect our schedule. We could take care of that and

1 still get our report out some time next week. 2 DR. MAKHIJANI: John, this is Arjun. 3 your presentation did you say that Lynn 4 Anspaugh's preparing a paper, and do we intend 5 to attach it as an attachment --6 DR. MAURO: No, no, this --7 DR. MAKHIJANI: -- from it or what is the 8 situation with that? 9 DR. MAURO: My plan is this. I've been 10 looking at it. Lynn is going to send me his 11 perspectives, and I'll be getting that on 12 Friday or earlier, but right now we're planning to get it this week, perhaps Friday. 13 14 Steve Ostrow is looking at certain issues that 15 I believe I'll be getting early next week. 16 My plan was to pull it all together 17 into a single report integrating all this 18 information, telling the story the way I just 19 described it. Then you and I and the rest of 20 the team after I prepare the draft, then the 21 people who have been looking at these 22 different elements will, you know, we'll 23 discuss it. And my guess is we're going to be 24 okay, a little polish, and then we'll move it. 25 Hopefully, we'll be okay.

1 DR. MAKHIJANI: Sorry for the public 2 question on process. 3 DR. MAURO: Oh, sorry, Gene, one more thing. 4 Your relaxation length is fine. That's 5 another piece that we confirmed. So a lot of the pieces we confirmed, but we have these 6 7 other areas that we're looking at, and we're 8 going to try to package up for you. 9 MR. ROLLINS: Thank you, John. 10 MR. PRESLEY: This is Bob Presley. What I'm 11 hearing is that we need to give this time for SC&A to finish their review and then I presume 12 13 that there will be an exchange with SC&A and 14 NIOSH on SC&A's review. And then we will get 15 something back from NIOSH on this response. 16 Is that correct? 17 MR. ROLFES: Yeah, that's correct, Bob. 18 MR. PRESLEY: Then the only thing I know to 19 do is put a note here that will say we're 20 waiting for review. 21 DR. MAURO: Yeah, after all those words the 22 answer is yes. We will be putting a report 23 out, and I guess after that NIOSH will, we'll 24 hopefully come to closure and put this one to 25 bed.

1 MR. PRESLEY: Anybody on the working group 2 have a comment? 3 MR. CLAWSON: This is Brad. I just wanted 4 to find out about this air sampling data that 5 they had. Is this air sampling data that was 6 taken right there with the workforce or is 7 this air sampling data that is run off a 8 continuous process in roundabout areas? 9 guess this would be for Mr. Rollins. MR. ROLLINS: This is Gene Rollins. 10 This is 11 information that I've extracted from the 12 annual environmental reports, and these would 13 be from, as I understand it, continuous air 14 samplers that have been located in the field. 15 And as I have been told, those locations were 16 chosen based on areas where the majority of 17 the work actually occurred within these areas. 18 They did have control air samplers on the 19 boundary or outside the boundary, and there's 20 some limited information in that area. 21 MR. CLAWSON: I'm just wondering if some of 22 this air data that they were pulling out was 23 actually right there with the workforce. 24 Because as I've seen in many situations, you 25 know, you may have a lot of particulates and

1 stuff from the dust, but until you start 2 stirring that up, you're going to see a 3 different result on that. And I just thought 4 I'd kind of get a fairly good idea of what 5 type of air sample data we did have. MR. ROLLINS: My understanding is that most 6 7 of these data are from areas where work was 8 ongoing. 9 MR. CLAWSON: Okay, I appreciate it. 10 DR. ROESSLER: Bob, this is Gen. 11 MR. PRESLEY: Yes, go ahead, Gen. 12 DR. ROESSLER: I have a specific question on 13 this comment, but you're probably going to 14 cover it with regard to the whole discussion 15 today. I'm wondering what is the working 16 group's responsibility before the Denver 17 meeting on this comment and maybe any other 18 ones that come up where things are not quite 19 closed? 20 MR. PRESLEY: Well, as I said awhile ago, 21 the only thing that I know that we can do 22 before the Denver meeting is come up with a 23 statement that says that we have met, and 24 we've gone through all 25 comments. And we 25 have resolved certain comments, and we are

1 awaiting the TBD document for final review. 2 And then also I can understand right now where 3 we will probably be waiting on this Response 4 23. 5 So we will not, when the DR. ROESSLER: 6 report comes out from SC&A next week, that 7 will be information for us but until we can 8 get together as a work group again, which 9 probably will not be before the meeting, we 10 can't resolve some of these things. 11 MR. PRESLEY: That's the way I see it. 12 DR. ROESSLER: Okay, thank you for the 13 clarification. 14 MR. CLAWSON: Bob, this is Brad again. 15 Won't we still have some overarching issues 16 with the Nevada Test Site and so forth? 17 MR. PRESLEY: I think we will. We may find something in that TBD. 18 19 MR. CLAWSON: Well, I just saw we had like 20 the nasal-oral breathing and so forth like 21 I believe they were kind of like a 22 overarching issue in many places. 23 MR. PRESLEY: That's correct. 24 MR. CLAWSON: And I just wanted to make sure 25 we were there.

MR. PRESLEY: And what we need to do is when we give our report on the ones that are going to be not site specific but program specific, we need to point those out.

MR. CLAWSON: I understand.

MR. PRESLEY: I think that what we will do there is if we get to the point where we need to make a recommendation, the only thing I know to do is to in our recommendation point out that we either recommend this or we don't recommend this, but there's a caveat that says we are still waiting for the nasal breathing model to be completed. Because that's going to, as I understand it, that's going to be program specific. Is that not right?

Jim or Larry?

DR. NETON: Yes, that's right, Bob.

MR. PRESLEY: Okay.

Wanda, do you have anything on this?

MS. MUNN: No, I don't. It's been clear

from the outset that this was going to be a

thorny one, and as long as SC&A can come to

the conclusion that the process that's being

undertaken is adequate. From my understanding

of the description it's more than adequate.

1 But as long as we have that feedback from the 2 contractor, I believe we can go forward with 3 it. We certainly can't do anything until that 4 happens. 5 DR. MAURO: Now, Wanda, one more thing. The discussion I just had really would answer 6 7 questions five, six, seven and 23. 8 MS. MUNN: Yes. 9 DR. MAURO: So in one fell swoop we're going 10 to hit a lot. 11 MR. PRESLEY: That's correct. 12 DR. MAURO: Yeah, in addition, but please bear in mind that remember this particular 13 14 response as we're putting it together is going 15 to deal with this, what we call bounding doses 16 for the purpose of denial for that particular 17 worker. And it would not apply to necessarily 18 to the realistic --19 MS. MUNN: I understand. DR. MAURO: -- or people that worked in 20 21 tunnels or people that were exposed to 22 venting. So as long as that's understood that 23 it does have very confined applicability. 24 MS. MUNN: We've made those caveats from the 25 outset.

DR. MAURO: Very good.

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MR. CLAWSON: Hey, Bob, this is Brad again. You know I thought that we were kind of keeping track of kind of some of the overarching issues. And the reason I bring this up is I looked at some of our previous matrix, and you know, they had the stuff like the 250 days and stuff like that. And we put those under an overarching issue. And I just want to make sure we're not missing those.

MR. PRESLEY: No --

DR. WADE: This is Lew, the 250-day issue is being looked at by another work group. I think all of the issues that have been raised as sort of complex-wide issues by this work group have been captured by Dr. Neton and are reported regularly at meetings. If anyone feels there's an issue when you compare the two, what this group thinks are overarching issues in Jim's list, then you need to let us know.

MR. PRESLEY: What Brad's saying, Lew, is that we need to note on this that these are overarching issues, and that somebody else is looking at these, and they will be taken care

of down the road.

MR. CLAWSON: That's correct, Bob, because earlier on to be able to get this matrix down, we took many of the overarching issues out of it because of what was going on with NIOSH and so forth. But I just wanted to make sure that as we look at these that we don't forget that those are in the background there. I just didn't want to miss them, and Bob covered it great. I appreciate it.

MR. PRESLEY: I tell you what I will do. I will get with Mark between now and when we go and try to have this thing revised for us to have. And we will mark each one of these that we feel is an over -- a complex-wide issue. We will call them that and note them on there, and that way I'll try to get this out before we leave to go out there. Everybody can look at it and agree that these are the overarching issues.

MR. CLAWSON: I appreciate that because what I have to do is I have to go back through some of our previous matrix and see what we had put in under this. And from the outside eyes looking in it, where they're no longer there I

1 don't want the concept that we're not 2 reviewing them at all. 3 MR. PRESLEY: Right. 4 MR. CLAWSON: And I also feel it keeps me on 5 line, too. 6 We'll go ahead and do that. MR. PRESLEY: 7 We'll go back and mark these with some type of 8 a something to where that everybody will know 9 that this issue is not being, that we're just 10 overlooking it. We can do that. That's no 11 problem. 12 MR. CLAWSON: Thank you. 13 MR. PRESLEY: Anybody have any other comments on 23? I appreciate John Mauro's 14 15 comments, and also Gene Rollins' white paper. 16 COMMENT 24: HIGH-FIRED OXIDES 17 Let's go with 24 which has to do with 18 the presence of high-fired oxides for 19 atmospheric testing. And, Mark, do you want 20 to read you all's response? 21 MR. ROLFES: Well, the high-fired oxides 22 from atmospheric weapons testing is really not 23 an issue right now because of the SEC during 24 the atmospheric weapons testing period. 25 However, we're currently investigating the

reactor testing that was done, and this is sort of one of those overarching issues as well. And I believe we've addressed high-fired plutonium oxide in a separate Technical Information Bulletin which has been approved.

I guess our job is now to incorporate some language into the Technical Basis

Document to allow us to apply that Technical

Information Bulletin to Nevada Test Site. And

I'll let Jim comment further.

DR. NETON: I can add a little more to that.

Mark's right, we've issued, proved and issued

TIB-49 which deals with dose reconstruction

(unintelligible) plutonium that are strongly

retained in the lung, and that was intended to

address plutonium across the complex. And

where we are right now is we're working on a

program evaluation plan, a PEP, to identify

all respiratory tract cancers that had

previously been denied and denied through the

Super-S evaluation and determine which ones

need to be re-evaluated and reworked under

this new TIB's guidance.

In some sense the NTS cases that were affected by the solubility issue will be

1	caught in this PEP, and Mark's correct that
2	for future cases the Technical Basis Document
3	needs to be revised to include this guidance.
4	MR. PRESLEY: Jim, this is Bob. You
5	mentioned a Technical Basis Document 49.
6	DR. NETON: Well, it's Technical Information
7	Bulletin.
8	MR. PRESLEY: Okay, now is that part, is
9	this Table 5D-24 that's mentioned in our
10	response? Is that part of that?
11	MR. ROLFES: No, it is not, Bob. The table
12	that you're referring to is within the site
13	profile for Nevada Test Site.
14	MR. PRESLEY: Then the only thing I know to
15	do on 24 is mark it complete, and we're
16	waiting to further review. Anybody have
17	anything
18	MS. MUNN: Well, it's complete because TIB-
19	49 has been issued and that Program Evaluation
20	is going to look at any previously completed
21	case where solubility was an issue in the
22	calculation.
23	Did I get that right, Jim?
24	DR. NETON: That's right, Wanda. This would
25	only apply to respiratory tract cancers

1 because of the longer retention in the lungs 2 themselves. 3 MS. MUNN: I suspect you may actually have 4 seen one or two of those in lung studies 5 you've already done. 6 DR. NETON: Yeah, we need to go through and 7 evaluate not only which cases were evaluated 8 for plutonium, but which ones could have had 9 this Super-S material involved. And that 10 would probably be most of them if we don't 11 know anything about the specific processes 12 involved. Like Mark mentioned, the reactor 13 fire? 14 MR. ROLFES: Yeah, the reactor testing, the 15 ram-jet testing at Area 25. 16 MR. CLAWSON: Mark, there was more reactor 17 testing than that out there, correct? We had 18 Rover and are we looking at those, too or just 19 the one? 20 DR. NETON: Brad, we'll look at every case 21 that involved a plutonium intake for Rocky 22 Flats and complex wide, and we have captured 23 them all into a pretty big net right now. 24 We're reworking them one by one. 25 MR. CLAWSON: Okay, thank you.

1 DR. NETON: And I think what needs to be 2 done is the document, the site profile for 3 NTS, needs to be modified to reflect this new 4 guidance on Super-S whether it refers to TIB-5 49 or what. It just needs to be incorporated in there so that that issue doesn't arise in 6 7 future dose reconstructions. 8 MS. MUNN: We'll just look for clarification 9 in Chapter Five, right? 10 DR. NETON: Right. 11 MR. ROLFES: Correct. 12 MR. PRESLEY: Okay, as I see this then --13 this is Bob. We are actually waiting on NIOSH 14 to come back with a response they put into the 15 site profile. Is that correct? 16 MR. ROLFES: That's correct. 17 DR. NETON: I think so. 18 MR. PRESLEY: Okay. 19 MR. CLAWSON: This is Brad. We've kind of 20 got the overarching issue, right, the Super-S? 21 DR. NETON: This isn't an overarching issue. 22 It's well on its way to completion though. 23 Actually, the issue has been resolved. 24 have a document that we can use to move 25 forward. Now it's a matter of just applying

it complex wide and NTS is one of those sites
that we're looking at.

MS. MUNN: That's what the new TIB does.

DR. NETON: Correct.

MR. PRESLEY: Anybody else have a comment? (no response)

COMMENT 25: SITE EXPERT INTERVIEWS

MR. PRESLEY: We'll go on to 25 which has to do with site expert interviews. It was said that this was inadequate. NIOSH went back and looked at quite a few interviews. They were supposed to get some paperwork to SC&A, and as I understand it that this has been done.

MR. ROLFES: I really have no additional comments to add. We have provided our list of interviews and the records and notes from our interviews to SC&A. And we feel that if we need to conduct additional interviews with subject matter experts from the Nevada Test Site when we are trying to address some of the issues that we are discussing, we will do that at that time. I really, other than that, don't have anything else to add.

MR. PRESLEY: John?

1 DR. MAURO: I'm going to punt over to Arjun 2 on this one. 3 MR. PRESLEY: Okay. 4 DR. MAKHIJANI: Mr. Presley, if I might 5 throw a couple of clarifications. The materials you're referring to Mark are on the 6 7 O drive, right? There are one, two, three, 8 four, five, six, seven, eight, eight different 9 documents on the O drive documenting your 10 interviews, and who you talked to, and when 11 and so on. That's what you're referring to, 12 right? 13 MR. PRESLEY: That plus you all were 14 waiting, if I remember correctly, I don't have my other paperwork in front of me, but you all 15 16 were waiting on some paperwork to be 17 declassified so you could comment on this as I 18 understand. That was back six, eight months 19 ago? 20 MR. ROLFES: Correct, Bob, we received an 21 indication that the materials were 22 unclassified, and we distributed those at that 23 time. 24 DR. MAKHIJANI: Now, just shake my memory. 25 I've been so preoccupied with Rocky Flats.

1	What was did the declassified materials
2	refer to?
3	MR. ROLFES: They were not declassified.
4	They were determined to be unclassified.
5	DR. MAKHIJANI: Yeah, what did the
6	unclassified materials refer to?
7	MR. ROLFES: The unclassified materials were
8	worker interview notes from subject matter
9	experts at the Nevada Test Site.
10	DR. MAKHIJANI: And these are not on the O
11	drive? These are additional to what's on the
12	O drive?
13	MR. ROLFES: No, that is incorrect. These
14	were distributed. I don't have my computer in
15	front of me, but these were distributed a
16	couple of months back. I would have to check
17	on my computer to determine what date I sent
18	those out.
19	DR. MAKHIJANI: I'm just asking a sort of
20	convenient question, so excuse me. I'm just
21	asking whether all of the interview materials
22	are now on the O drive so that
23	MR. ROLFES: Once, again, I'm not in front
24	of my computer so I wouldn't be able to verify
25	that at this time. So if they're not there
	1

though I will make sure that they are.

DR. MAKHIJANI: Yeah, could you send me an e-mail about that? And because I only see two places where there's any mention of Jay Brady, and you said you documented five hours of interviews with him. And I just want to make sure that before I say anything that those are the only two places that there's some documentation. I may be wrong about that.

MR. ROLFES: Let's see, Gene Rollins, are you there?

MR. ROLLINS: Yes.

MR. ROLFES: Do you recall when we received the interview notes? I am looking through -- hang on just a second. I'm looking through some of my old notes here. Our old notes indicate that we compiled a log of interviews with site personnel including information from site visits, phone conversations and e-mail correspondence.

The package was reviewed by the NTS derivative classifier. It was verified unclassified and passed back to us on 9/25/06. And it was shortly thereafter that I e-mailed that out to SC&A and the working group

1 members. I can re-send that e-mail if you 2 would like, and I will make sure that those 3 notes are, in fact, on the O drive as well. 4 MS. MUNN: I vaguely remember your, I think 5 I saw a half dozen or so interviews that you 6 sent out as I recall. I thought it was now a moot point, but I guess it's not. 7 8 MR. PRESLEY: Well, that's what I thought. 9 I thought it was a moot point. 10 MS. MUNN: Let's see if I can find them. Ιt 11 was a straight message I do believe, and my 12 memory is it's been a month or so ago. MR. PRESLEY: This is Bob Presley. I 13 14 remember when these things, I thought we had 15 whipped this one because I remember that when 16 Mark sent something out that said these things 17 had been reviewed and that they were sending 18 them on, whether it be on the O drive or hard 19 copy, because we've got on here that the 20 working group to review for completeness. 21 MR. CLAWSON: Bob, this is Brad. If my mind 22 hasn't slipped a cog or whatever, the comment 23 that I remember was that they had been 24 declassified and that we were going to have 25 the opportunity to be able to review or

whatever like that. And that was the last that I heard about it. I don't think that I -

MR. PRESLEY: Yeah, we haven't received anything back from SC&A on it.

MR. CLAWSON: Right.

DR. MAKHIJANI: Right, no, Mr. Presley, we have not prepared anything on it. It's just that I in my review was not able to find documentation of this five hours of interviews. And the Jay Brady thing is kind of important because he has died since NIOSH interviewed him and since I interviewed him.

And he was there from '51 to 1990, and so a lot of his observations are very important because he was the principal health physicist. And so I was just looking for this where it says documented almost five hours of discussion. I didn't find any more substance than what was given to us during the site profile review which was really just one point about rads, rems and roentgens which was during a telephone call documenting them and the date of conversation.

MR. PRESLEY: Well, the only thing that I

1 know that we can do this then is to mark this 2 awaiting SC&A's review. 3 DR. MAKHIJANI: Well, I don't know what review we can do if we don't have the 4 5 documentation of this five hours, and I, it may be my fault, Mr. Presley, that I've not --6 7 were sent to me, but I'm not aware that 8 there's anything more than what I'm looking 9 at. 10 MR. PRESLEY: What we can do is ask that 11 Mark re-issue this and get it to you as soon 12 as possible. 13 DR. MAKHIJANI: Thank you. 14 MR. PRESLEY: And that you all review it, 15 and when you sit down with SC&A to talk about 16 Response 5, the white paper, that you all also 17 review your comments with SC&A. And then SC&A 18 can get back to the working group with the 19 findings. 20 DR. MAKHIJANI: Thank you. Thank you, Mr. 21 Presley, we will do that. 22 DR. MAURO: Mark, this is John Mauro. 23 we just itemize that action items? 24 I've written down two so far. There's the 25 resuspension factor, of course, report. And

1 now we have the second one dealing with the 2 Brady interview. Is there anything else where 3 we have an action item that I did not jot 4 down? 5 MR. PRESLEY: Not from today. Those are the only two things that I see. 6 7 How about it other Board members? 8 This is Wanda. I just request of 9 Mark that when he sends those interviews, 10 including the Brady interview, if he'd re-send 11 those notes to the working group it would be 12 helpful for me. Apparently, I have done 13 something foolish and filed it under some name 14 that is totally incomprehensible. 15 MR. PRESLEY: Mark, can you re-do that, sir? 16 MR. ROLFES: Certainly, I will be happy to 17 send the e-mail to everyone involved. 18 MS. MUNN: My apologies, I know I read them. 19 They're just not there. They're not where I 20 want them to be. 21 DR. ROESSLER: Bob, this is Gen. I just 22 want to clarify that SC&A is not only going to 23 be looking at the NIOSH's five hours with Mr. 24 Brady, but also the interviews with the other 25 site experts that they have listed here.

1	MR. PRESLEY: That's correct. As I
2	understand it, there was eight of these?
3	MS. MUNN: There were more than that listed
4	I thought. They talked to a bunch of people.
5	DR. MAKHIJANI: Yeah, there are eight sets
6	of documents. Each one of them has a number
7	of
8	MR. PRESLEY: Okay, that was the number that
9	stuck in my mind, that there were eight of
10	DR. MAKHIJANI: Eight sets and each one of
11	them contained sort of a nog of many different
12	conversations and some documentation.
13	RECAP OF RESPONSES 1 THROUGH 25
14	MR. PRESLEY: Okay. Now this completes our
15	response, our responses back on all 25
16	questions. Has anybody got anything that they
17	would like to go back and let's review on
18	anything from Comment 1 through 25?
19	MS. MUNN: You should have asked me that in
20	advance.
21	MR. PRESLEY: I went through this thing
22	after Mark sent it the other night, and I am
23	happy with what we've got on here. I think
24	that we do need to do what Brad has asked,

1 issues. And then come up with a, some type of 2 a table that says these are the issues that 3 will be coming forth in the TBD and that the 4 working group was going to look at those. And 5 then, of course, we've got the two issues that SC&A and NIOSH have to close on. 6 MR. CLAWSON: Bob, this is Brad Clawson. 7 8 just, in Comment 22 where we're talking about 9 the neutron dose, were we only looking at the 10 atmospheric testing or was there tunneling 11 involved, too, or is that a separate issue? 12 MR. PRESLEY: On that right there, 22 --13 MS. MUNN: The question is specifically 14 atmospheric testing. 15 MR. PRESLEY: Yeah, because, now is this not 16 going to be taken up in the petition that's 17 coming up or that we've already voted on? 18 MR. CLAWSON: Okay, so this might be an SEC 19 issue, the tunneling? 20 MR. PRESLEY: What do you think, Mark? 21 MR. ROLFES: Let's see, this Comment 22 was 22 in light of the atmospheric testing and the 23 concern about neutron dose data. 24 MS. MUNN: It wasn't intended to be broader 25 than that I don't think. This was very

1	specific. This was based on their findings,
2	on the SC&A finding.
3	MR. PRESLEY: It had nothing to do with
4	anything other than atmospheric testing.
5	MS. MUNN: No, no, that's correct.
6	MR. CLAWSON: Okay, I just wanted to make
7	sure. Thank you.
8	MR. PRESLEY: Anybody else have anything?
9	MS. MUNN: I'm going to make my airplane?
10	MR. PRESLEY: I hope.
11	Lew?
12	DR. WADE: Thank you very much.
13	MR. PRESLEY: Do you have anything? I want
14	to make sure that Mark doesn't have anything
15	or that John doesn't have anything before we
16	quit. But are you, as the designated
17	government official, happy with what's gone on
18	here?
19	DR. WADE: Yes.
20	MR. PRESLEY: Okay, that's what I wanted to
21	make sure that we have fulfilled our task.
22	DR. WADE: I'm generally a happy person.
23	MR. PRESLEY: Mark, is there anything that
24	we need to do to help you? I know we've
25	probably made your day and put a little more

1	on you today.
2	And also, John, do you have anything?
3	DR. MAURO: No, I believe we have our
4	marching orders, and I understand what they
5	are.
6	MR. PRESLEY: Mark, how about you? Anything
7	we can do?
8	MR. ROLFES: No, Bob, I think you guys have
9	done a wonderful job.
10	MR. PRESLEY: I appreciate you getting this
11	out, and I'll get with you probably the first
12	of next week, and we'll figure out how to mark
13	these other things and then get this out.
14	Do we have anything else? Do we have
15	anything from Legal? We have any problems or
16	anything, Liz?
17	MS. HOWELL: This is Emily
18	MR. PRESLEY: Emily, no problem?
19	MS. HOWELL: No.
20	MS. HOMOKI-TITUS: This is Liz. I don't
21	think so.
22	MR. PRESLEY: Any of the other Board
23	members, working group members have anything?
24	MS. MUNN: No.
25	MR. CLAWSON: This is Brad, no, not at this

1 time. 2 MR. PRESLEY: We'll get this out then 3 sometime the first of next week prior to our 4 leaving for Denver, and then all we can do is 5 wait until SC&A and NIOSH come back on the 6 other two issues. 7 Anything else? 8 (no response) 9 MR. PRESLEY: Thank you very much. (Whereupon, the working group meeting 10 11 concluded at 12:30 p.m.)

CERTIFICATE OF COURT REPORTER

STATE OF GEORGIA COUNTY OF FULTON

I, Steven Ray Green, Certified Merit Court Reporter, do hereby certify that I reported the above and foregoing on the day of April 18, 2007; and it is a true and accurate transcript of the testimony captioned herein.

I further certify that I am neither kin nor counsel to any of the parties herein, nor have any interest in the cause named herein.

WITNESS my hand and official seal this the 17th day of June, 2007.

STEVEN RAY GREEN, CCR

CERTIFIED MERIT COURT REPORTER

CERTIFICATE NUMBER: A-2102