

# Visualizing *Health, United States*: Exploring the Use of Infographics to Enhance the Uptake of a Statistical Report

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### VISUALIZATION OBJECTIVES



Broaden the audience of *Health, United States* using more visual content to improve dissemination

 Is it possible to create a product that is succinct and attractive without losing the statistical rigor of the full report? (Usefulness vs. readability)

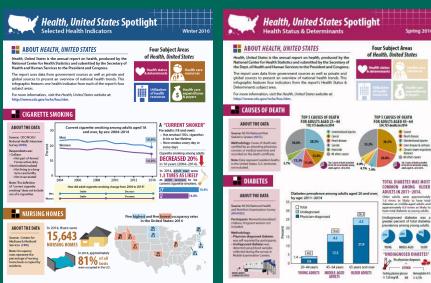


Provide <u>timely data updates</u> for selected indicators of public health interest from the report



Generate <u>interest</u> in *Health, United States* beyond the annual publication date, using the visualization as a point-of-entry

 Can we increase reach with a more deliberate social media strategy, especially on Twitter?



Health Status & Determinants

June 2016

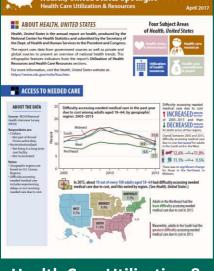
**B** ABOUT HEALTH, UNITED STATES Four Subject Areas of Health, United States Health, United States is the annual report on health, produced by the National Center for Health Statistics and submitted by the Secretary of the Dept. of Health and Human Services to the President and Congress. The report uses data from government sources as well as private and global sources to present an overview of national health trends. This infographic features indicators from the report's Health Care \$ Health care expenditure & payers Expenditures & Pavers subject area. For more information, visit the Health, United States website a http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm. MEDICAID COVERAGE 21 OUT OF 100 by age: 2005-2015 Methodology: Coverage for adults was 55.4 MILLION PEOPLE under 65 with Medicaid 13.2% TIMES MORE LIKELY 18-64 13.2%

Health, United States Spotlight

Health Care Expenditures & Payers

Health Care Expenditures & Payers

September 2016



Health, United States Spotlight

Health Care Utilization & Resources

April 2017

# HEALTH, UNITED STATES SPOTLIGHT

**Selected Health Indicators** 

February 2016

**ABOUT THE DATA** 

Not part of Armed

Forces active duty

term care facility

Not incarcerated

Note: The definition

of "current cigarette

use of e-cigarettes.

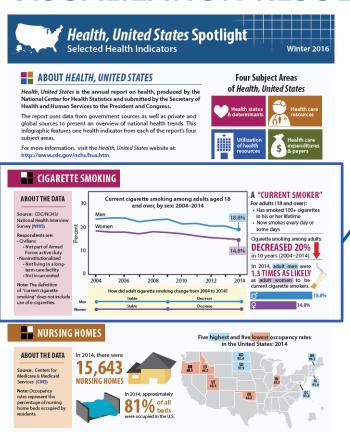
 Noninstitutionalized · Not living in a long-

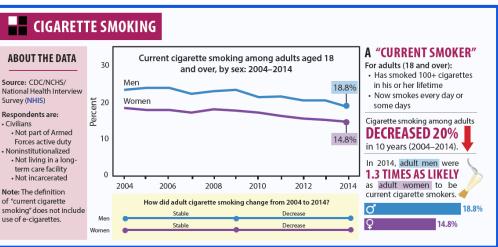
Source: CDC/NCHS/

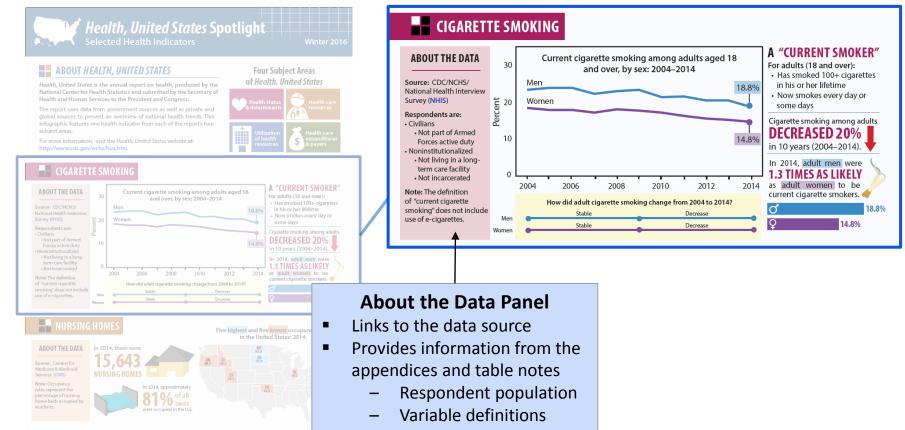
Survey (NHIS)

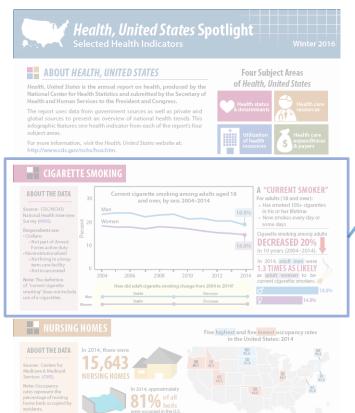
Civilians

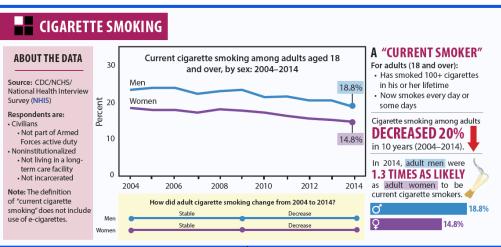
Respondents are:





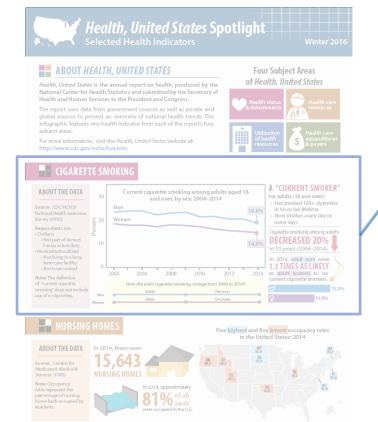


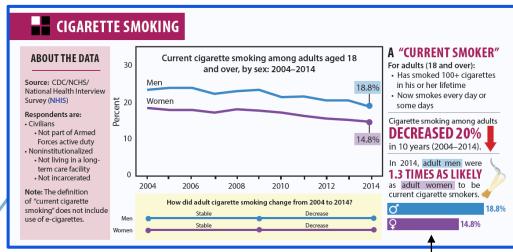




#### **Trends Panel**

- Illustrates significant changes in the trend (Stable, Increase, Decrease) based on Joinpoint analysis
- Uses a dot to indicate the presence of a joinpoint





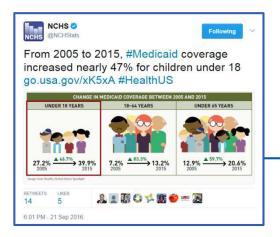
### **Data Highlights**

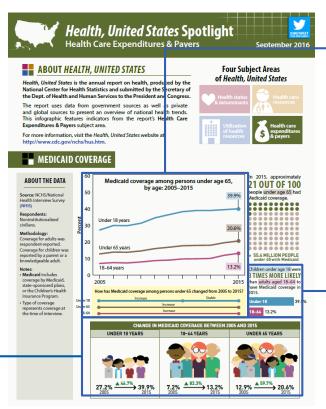
- Illustrates differences by selected characteristics
- Utilizes iconography that is familiar to a non-technical user

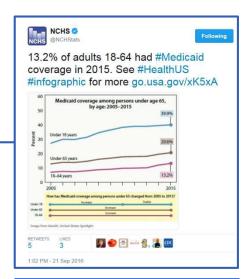
### **DESIGNING FOR SOCIAL MEDIA**

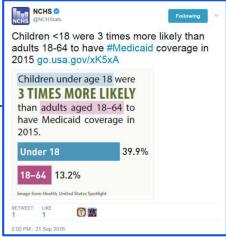
Screenshots of infographic modules were used to enhance Tweets.

The Medicaid Coverage module here provided images for six Tweets. Three are shown here.









### **DISSEMINATION CHANNELS**







### **GovDelivery**

Electronic mailing list of over 46,200 subscribers who opt into *Health*, *United States* updates

One email per Spotlight release

### **NCHS Facebook Page**

Official Facebook page for NCHS with immediate following of 20,915 people

 One Facebook post per Spotlight release

### NCHS Twitter Page (@NCHStats)

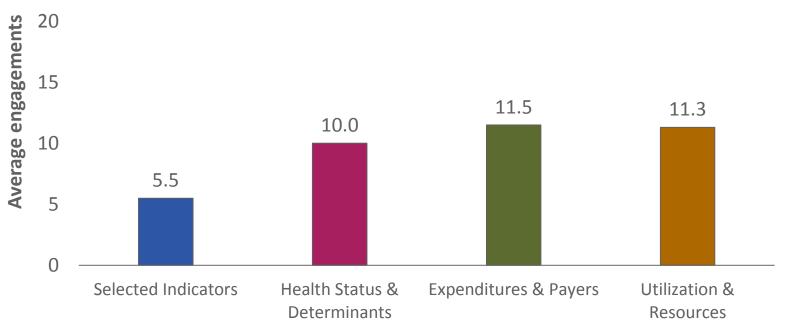
Official Twitter page for NCHS with immediate following of 3,329 people

 Multiple Tweets per Spotlight release

### **LESSONS LEARNED**

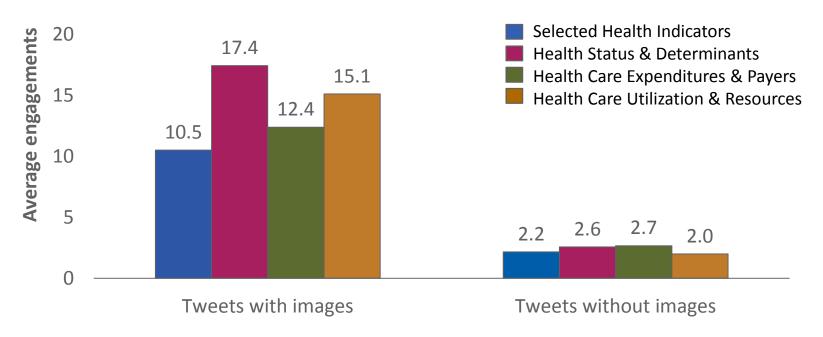
LESSON #1: Spotlight Tweets with images attracted more engagements than Spotlight Tweets without images.

# @NCHStats sent out 68 Tweets to promote the four Spotlights, garnering an average of 10.3 engagements per Tweet.



NOTES: Engagements are the number of times Twitter users clicked on the Tweet. They include the following: Retweeting, Liking, expanding, and replying to @NCHStats Tweets; clicking on the @NCHStats handle from the Tweet; clicking on embedded content or hashtags in the Tweet. Not all engagements are the same. Retweets signal messaging value, while Likes signal appreciation.

# Tweets with embedded images received up to 7.6 times as many engagements as Tweets without embedded images.



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### **LESSONS LEARNED**

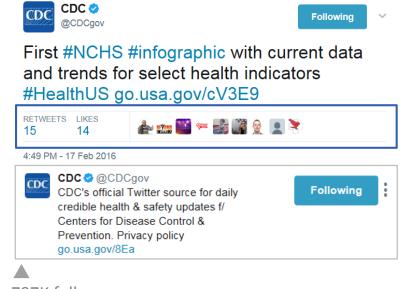
LESSON #2: Cross-promoting Spotlight content with other agencies (especially those with larger social media followings) enhanced infographic reach.

# This @NCHStats Tweet introducing the first Spotlight infographic received 1 Retweet.



# The same Tweet posted by @CDCgov received 15 Retweets and 14 Likes.





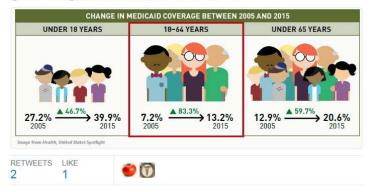
797K followers

# This Tweet on Medicaid coverage among adults received 2 Retweets and 1 Like.





From 2005 to 2015, #Medicaid coverage increased 83.3% among adults 18-64 go.usa.gov/xK5xA #HealthUS



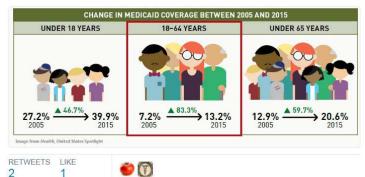
12:03 PM - 23 Sep 2016

# A similar Tweet, Retweeted by @PublicHealth, received 14 Retweets and 5 Likes.



Following

From 2005 to 2015, #Medicaid coverage increased 83.3% among adults 18-64 go.usa.gov/xK5xA #HealthUS

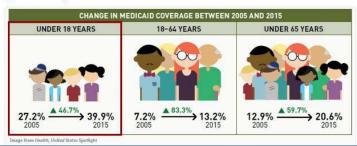


12:03 PM - 23 Sep 2016



Following

From 2005 to 2015, #Medicaid coverage increased nearly 47% for children under 18 go.usa.gov/xK5xA #HealthUS





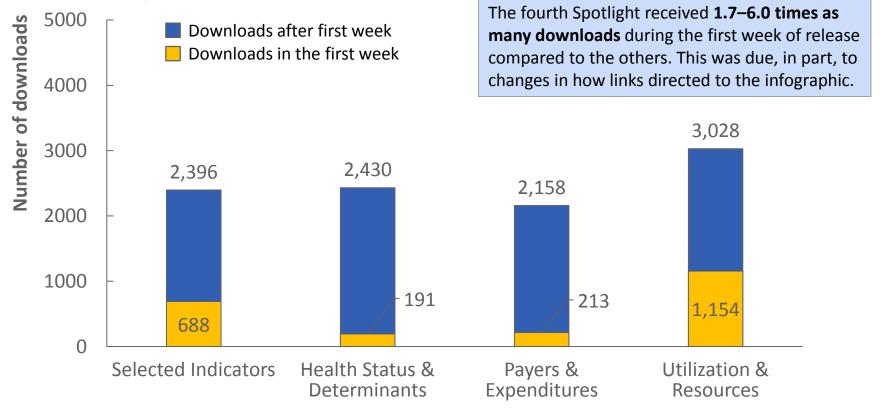
APHA @ @PublicHealth

Official account of the American Public Health Association: For science. For action, For health. Following

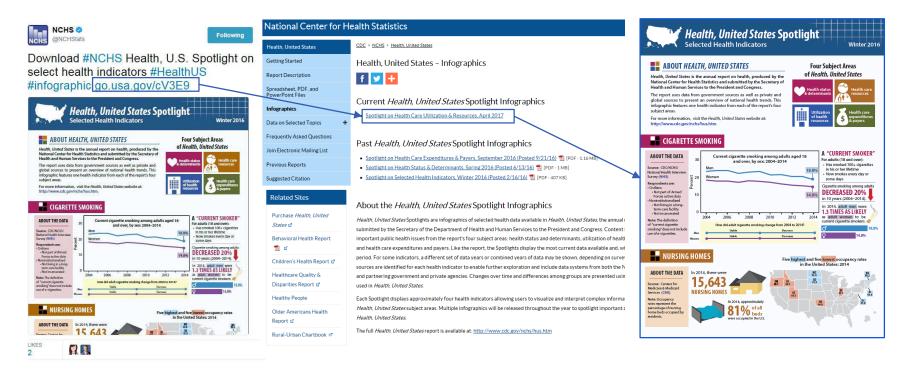
### **LESSONS LEARNED**

LESSON #3: Minimizing the number of clicks between the user and the infographic increased the number of downloads.

From Jan. 1, 2016 to Aug. 30, 2017, the Spotlights received a total of 10,012 downloads.



### LINKING FOR THE FIRST, SECOND, AND THIRD SPOTLIGHTS: TWO CLICKS



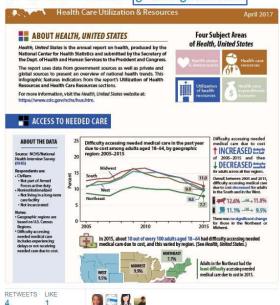
On the day the first Spotlight was released, there were **739 visits** to the Infographics page...

... but only **334 (45.2%) downloads** of the infographic.

### LINKING FOR THE FOURTH SPOTLIGHT: ONE CLICK



New #infographic on health care utilization & resources with data on medical care access, flu vaccine & dentists go.usa.gov/x5EKe



Clicking on the link sent users directly to a webpage with the Health Care Utilization & Resources Spotlight embedded into the page.

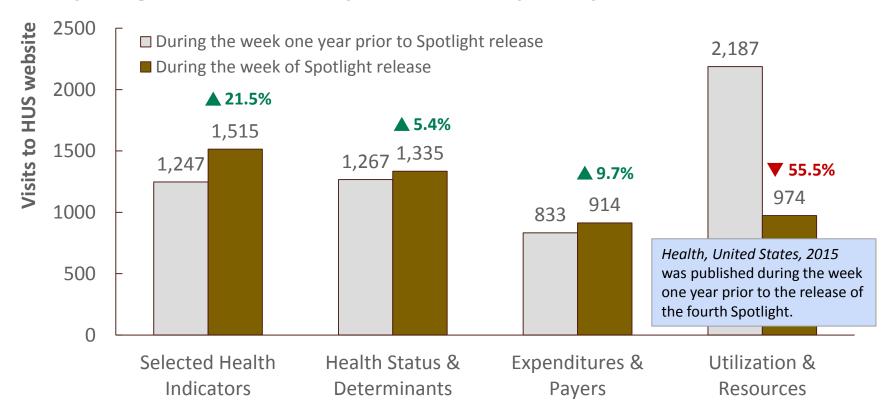


The latest Spotlight was downloaded **724 times** on the day of release.

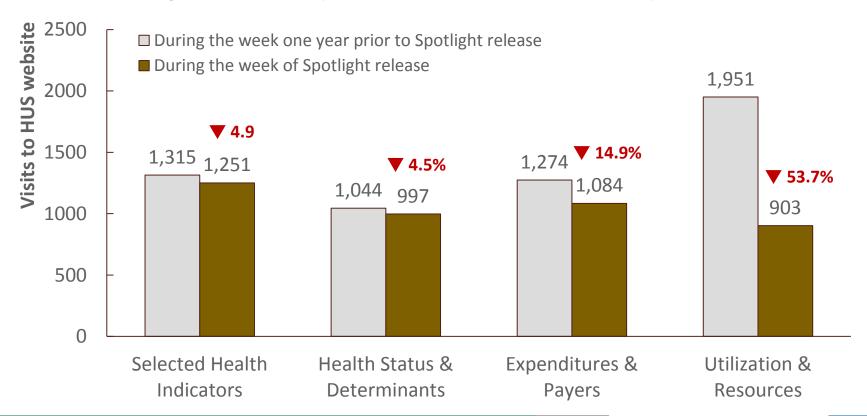
### **LESSONS LEARNED**

LESSON #4: Releasing Spotlights between *Health, United States* reports increased traffic to the *Health, United States* website during the week of release.

# Visits to the HUS website generally increased during the week of a Spotlight release compared to the prior year.



# This increase was not observed during the week after release, when active promotion (via social media & email) ended.



## **FUTURE DIRECTIONS**

More visual interactivity. More focused. More accessible.

### **MORE VISUAL INTERACTIVITY**

#### LESSON #1

Tweets with embedded images attract more engagements than Tweets without embedded images.

#### **FUTURE DIRECTIONS**

- Continue to <u>expand on suite of multimedia</u> (e.g., animated videos/GIFs)
- Use each indicator as a <u>launching pad into a collection of interactive</u> <u>visualizations</u> that allow the reader to explore the data by additional subgroups

### **MORE FOCUSED**

#### LESSON #2

Cross promoting the visualization with other agencies (especially those with larger followings) can enhance reach.

#### **LESSON #4**

Releasing intermediate visualizations between annual reports can increase interest in—or at least traffic to—the report website.

#### **FUTURE DIRECTIONS**

- Designate a <u>theme for each infographic</u> within the subject area
  - Spotlight on Health Status & Determinants with a Focus on Adolescents (September/October 2017)
  - Streamlines distribution and informs which agencies to cross promote with

### **MORE ACCESSIBILE**

#### LESSON #3:

Minimizing the number of clicks it takes for the user to get to the visualization reduces barrier to entry.

#### **FUTURE DIRECTIONS**

- Convert PDF infographic into an <u>interactive visualization</u>, written in HTML + d3, with option to download data
  - Faster download times
  - More mobile friendly
- Create <u>Powerpoint slides</u> with high-quality graphics from the infographic that users can download and use in presentations/teaching materials

### **CONTACT INFORMATION**

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For more information, contact CDC 1-800-CDC-INFO (232-4636)

TTY: 1-888-232-6348 www.cdc.gov

The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

